Beaver & Gephart

Bellefonte Republican

Established in 1869.} "Let us see to it that a Government, of the People, for the People, and by the People, shall not perish from the Earth."---A. LINCOLN. {Terms: $2.00 per annum

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Bellefonte Republican.
By EDWARD T. TUTEN.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—No communication published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.

Correspondents should write upon but one side of the paper, and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

State Ticket.

FOR SUPREME JUDGE,
HENRY W. WILLIAMS,
OF TIOGA COUNTY.

FOR STATE TREASURER,
WILLIAM B. HART,
OF DAUPHIN COUNTY.

County Ticket.

ASSOCIATE JUDGE,
DANIEL RHOADS,
BELLEFONTE.

TREASURER,
CYRUS GOSS,
FERGUSON TWP.

SHERIFF,
ROBERT COOKE, JR.,
HOWARD.

COMMISSIONERS,
J. C. HENDERSON,
HUSTON TWP.,
JOHN D. DECKER,
POTTER TWP.

REGISTER,
T. M. GRAMLEY,
MILES TWP.

RECORDER,
JOHN F. HARTER,
MILLHEIM.

AUDITORS,
S. T. GRAY,
PATTON TWP.,
ANDREW GREGG,
POTTER TWP.

EDITORIAL BRIEFS.

SO FAR as a swell reception is concerned St. Louis eclipsed Chicago.

THERE is no mistaking the temperance principles of Hon. Daniel Rhoads.

A VOTE for Henderson and Decker will be a vote for good men and against a third-term.

THE speeches made by the President read as if they had been culled for the purpose from a cyclopedia.

VOTE for the whole republican ticket. It is one of the best that was ever put in the field. It is a daisy.

VOTE for Daniel Rhoads and no license. What we want is a temperance judge—then we shall have a temperance court.

TWO better looking or more able associate judges than Hon. Daniel Rhoads and Chester Munson cannot be found in Centre county.

VOTE for Cyrus Goss for treasurer. He is a gentleman and a scholar who will perform the duties of the office in the interest of the whole people.

REPUBLICANS, this is an "off" year in politics only in the sense that you should pull off your coat and go to work with redoubled vigor for the entire ticket.

JOHN C. HENDERSON is having a walk over and John D. Decker comes tumbling after. These two men will be on the next board of commissioners and "don't you forget it."

PRESIDENT CLEVELAND could extol the dedication of a monument to John C. Calhoun, but he had no time to stop at Springfield and do honor to the tomb of Abraham Lincoln.

JOHN F. HARTER, our candidate for Recorder, is a man who has the confidence of all who know him-an honest earnest man and will make a good officer. Vote for him.

HUNTINGDON county had a genuine earthquake shock last week. On Nov. 8 Centre county will have an earthquake of the political kind, which will shock the Court House ring.

REPUBLICANS generally are in favor of temperance. Many Democrats are also favorable to that cause. Temperance men of both parties should unite on Daniel Rhoads for associate judge.

MR. CLEVELAND might vary the monotony of his speeches by permitting Mrs. Cleveland to make one. We are sure that the charming young wife would make a speech which would be worth listening to.

ROBERT COOKE is making many friends all over the county and it is beginning to dawn upon the minds of the unterrified that he is to be our next sheriff. He will make as good an officer as ever filled that position.

By Way of Comparison.

In a comparison between the Republican party and the Democratic party the latter becomes absolutely odious. One is the party of energy, progress and advancement; the other noted only for its inertia, dullness and hesitation. The Republican party came into existence to accomplish a great work, which it successfully and gloriously effected, even when apparently uninterested observers were prophesying only failure. Having accomplished one great work it is again entering the arena to yet further improve the body politic. Whatever movements are for the benefit of State or Nation it will cordially support. The recent action of the Republicans in the Legislature in passing a Prohibition submission resolution is proof of what we say.

Where is the Democratic party? It has not made an effort to step from the rut in which was twenty-five years ago. Can any one inform us of a step forward it has taken in three decades? Twenty-five years ago it advocated such doctrines as free trade, State rights, free whiskey, etc. Underniably, some of its members were advocates of slavery. If we read the Democratic press we notice that these views are entertained to-day. They can be noticed in the columns of the *Democratic Watchman* and the *Centre Democrat* as conspicuously as the ears on a mule. This lack of progress in an age noted for its rapid advancement constitutes the Democratic party an anomaly It is like a girl who would insist on wearing the full skirts and crinoline of her grandmother. We sadly fear that if this fossil had been in control during recent years, America would have lagged behind in the march and the Volunteer would have been vanquished by the Scotch Thistle.

The Republican party is ever looking around for the new worlds to conquer and has no need to weep, as did Alexander, because such "worlds" are found. Recognizing a growing sentiment among the people, which is adverse to whiskey, it devotes itself to the task of giving the people the privilege to settle this question as they choose. They do not ask the privilege of settling it by force of arms, but by ballot and ballot, they shall have. The skirmish fights which precede this conflict are frequent. One but recently occurred in Huntingdon county with favorable results. Another is developing in our own county. The Democrats nominated for associate judge a man who has been willing to identify himself with free and indiscriminate whiskey and all the woes which are enailed by it. Men are enslaved, the happiness of families is blighted, fortunes are ruined white winged peace is banished, gloom and distress are suspended, spectre-like, over the household, genius is quenched and the highest, noblest aspirations bud and blossom only to develop into Dead Sea apples—sour and acrid to the taste. To this John Grove is willing to sell himself in order to reach a place where he must obey the behest of the whiskey ring for $300 a year. At such a sacrifice of all that men hold honorable the place will be a pleasant one and the seat will not be easy. Methinks if Mr. Grove ever reaches that position, which properly attained, is honorable, he will imagine that the superb upholstery is studded with thorns.

What a grateful sense of relief floods the soul when the nominee of the Republican party is known! A man who has, on every occasion, taken a position for morality and right; who, to attain any position by the world called great, would not dim the priceless jewel of a good character. He has such a high sense of the honor attaching to the bench that he will not bid for the support of any one party of men. Defeat would be more grateful to him than that. He has always been a temperance man and, elevated to a position of influence, he will use his power for what is right and true and honorable. Tender and earnest sympathy and consideration will always be mingled with the administration of justice. Are not these the proper motives to actuate a judge? Do not think for one moment that he would do aught that would help on the flood-tide of vice and crime caused by whiskey. He will do all he can to check it. Every temperance man should vote for him. Every man who is concerned in the good of his own family or of his fellow men should vote for Mr. Rhoads. All who desire to continue the purity of the courts of justice owe him a vote. It should be a source of pride that there is once candidate in the field who so fully deserves support.

THERE is some difference between being the Czar of Russia and the President of the United States. When the Czar takes a railroad trip the railroad is lined with troops the whole length of the journey and the time of the starting of the train carefully concealed. When the President goes he carefully announces not only the time, but the ostensible cost of the train—what it would cost if he didn't have free passes—and there isn't a soldier placed anywhere along the line.

An Opportunity for Temperance Voters.

A larger number of the Prohibition party should have consulted Mr. Daniel Rhoads more carefully than they seem to have done before they made a nomination for the office of associate judge. While it would have been improper for them to have demanded pledges from him each member of that party should have been aware of the fact that he has the most decided and unwavering temperance principles. Then every temperance and prohibition vote could have been concentrated for Mr. Rhoads. It is proper that political considerations should be elimnated from the contest for associate judge and it is as well for it to assume the character of some moral or social question. This it has done, and Mr. Rhoads stands on the platform of morality and right.

But we have heard some of our Prohibition friends say that as their candidate is in the field they must vote for him. While Mr. Michael Derstine, whom they nominated for that office, doubtless deserves their support, he and they can see that his presence in the field might prevent a result which they are seeking to attain, viz., the election of a pronounced temperance man to the position of associate judge.

They should give this question their very serious consideration. While we shall not dictate or even suggest to them a course of action, we hope that they will act wisely and consistently.

The Pride of Milwaukee.

We have carefully read President Cleveland's speech at Milwaukee. He is said to be a lucky man, and if this is really so we knew he would be fortunate enough to speak on the most important themes wherever he should stop. In Milwaukee, as a matter of course, there is one theme which overtops every other That is the excellent lager beer manufactured there. It is the city's pride and glory. In comparison with it the mere facts of when the city was founded or the number of her population sink into insignificance. Knowing this, we were confident that the President would dwell with special perspicuity and eloquence on the quality of Milwaukee's lager. But the President does not mention it. Can it be that the encyclopedia from which the President learned his speech did not contain any reference to the city's lager? Why did not Dan Lamont nudge him in the side and whisper "lager!" This unpardonable omission has aroused the ire of all Milwaukeeans. Never again call the President a lucky man.

Longevity and Pensions.

According to a statement from the Pension Bureau, there are no less than thirty-five widows of Revolutionary soldiers still on the pension list. It is not unreasonable to suppose that 1890 will see a number remaining, as several are only eighty years of age now. It seems probable, says the New York *Post*, "that the year 2000 may find the nation still paying pensions on account of the civil war which ended in 1865. The time will doubtless come in the next century when every widow of a Union soldier will be granted a penison, and the fashion of young women marrying old soldiers is likely never to die out. A young man who enlisted in the last year of the war at eighteen will be seventy-eight in 1925—the same age at which a Revolutionary soldier in Ohio married—and if he should pick out a girl of sixteen, as the Ohio soldier did, she would be nine years short of a centenarian in 2000."

THE brewers and wholesale liquor dealers in this State are organizing for political purposes. They have raised a fund of $200,000. A large part of this money will be used to naturalize foreigners to vote with the Democratic party. The reason they desire the success of the Democratic party this year is because they hope the Democrats will repeal the high license law and the probibition submission law. They also expect the Democrats to repeal the law forbidding the sale of liquor on the Sabbath. Thus, they are preparing for a war on society and good morals which should be resisted by all good citizens.

THE *Watchman* intimates that Cleveland don't dead-head his way in traveling. Why, man, Cleveland is politically *dead* not only *head*, but heels.

Socialists Attacked.

The circumstance which excited the city of New York on Saturday night was, to say the least, a strange one. Perhaps later reports may give a different coloring to the affair. The first dispatches are so suspicious as to almost cause us to discredit them. It is said a meeting of Socialists was being held and they were attacked and most unmercifully beaten and dispersed by a large squad of police.

If we accept the distinction made by Master Workman Powderly between Anarchists and Socialists, we must confess that there is nothing essentially wrong in a meeting of Socialists on a week day evening. We consider it wrong for them or any other secular organization to meet on Sunday and when they do meet on that day they should be dispersed. But this meeting was held on Saturday night and the telegram says they were not disturbing the peace. The views usually entertained by Socialists are dangerous, but they have a right to hold such views so long as they do not attempt to enforce them by violent means. When they do attempt such forceful methods they become Anarchists.

It is the more unfortunate that the police at this time made an unprovoked and unwarrantable attack. The fate of the Anarchists of Chicago is hanging in the balance. We think unmistakably that the men are guilty of murder and should be subject to the extreme penalty of the law. But a mawkish sentimentality is being exerted to save them, and this event in New York will afford opportunity for the friends of the Anarchists to assert that the attack made in Chicago was precisely similar and that the hurling of bombs was justifiable and in self-defense

But in the affair in Chicago the possession of dynamite at such a time was itself an indication that murder was intended. The police were attacked when clearly in the discharge of their duty. It is not likely that a jury of twelve conscientious men after listening to a thorough trial could make a mistake as to their guilt.

While we feel like condemning the police of New York as having acted indiscreetly and without excuse, we warn all people not to be deceived by comparisons of the two occurrences.

Pastor and People, No. 2.

In my article of Nov. 4. I concluded with: that God is no respecter of persons. His *Son* was the friend of shinners. It was them that he was *specially* interested in and for them only that His blood was shed. His command is "Leave the ninety, and nine and go and seek that which is gone astray and he rejoiceth more over *that sheep* than of the ninety and nine which went not astray." This *duty* would soil the broadcloth, white linen, white neck ties, tiles and kid gloves of some of the shepherds; Consequently under the refined and cultivated tastes and literary attainments of the present age over that of St. Matthew, Paul and others, it would be exceedingly, humiliating and undignified; and I might add *unnecessary*, as the Bible itself has become old and not up too or adpated to the present age we live in. It is not many years since that a pastor would call upon the people and stay with them over night or take a meal with them and always call the entire family—servants and all—together and concluded with reading a chapter in Scripture, prayer, &c. But how ungrateful and unchristian the change has become. Many know that to live honestly, whether in town, city or country, they must earn their living in "the sweat of their face;" they must do all kinds of labor; their houses, their clothing, their hands and their learning are not fashionable or high toned enough for the present standard of qualification. Consequently, a large and noble class of God's people are cut off from the blessed privileges of the church that Christ and the apostles established—because of this selfish relation of pastor and people.

MORE ANON.

WE are ashamed of "Citizen" George Francis Train, recently of Brooklyn. He used to go around creating sensations, but during fourteen years past he has behaved quite decently. Indeed, it was pleasant to hear of him sitting in the park and amusing the children. But now he has joined the Anarchists and has moved to the wicked city of Chicago. George should be very much ashamed of himself and if he is not careful he will get into serious trouble.

MR. BLAINE, in his speech at Sebago Lake, August 14, uttered the following thoughts for the workingmen of this country. He said: "In any event it would be well for the labor organizations to diligently inquire and ascertain how the wages of labor in the United States can be kept above the rate of wages in England, Germany and France on the same articles of manufacture without the intervention of protective duties? With the present cheap modes of interchange and transportation of all commodities, I inquire of these gentlemen how, under the rule of Free Trade, can wages in the United States be kept above the general standard of European wages? I do not stop for the detail of argument, I only desire to lodge the question in the minds of the millions of American laborers who have it in their power to maintain Protection or to inaugurate Free Trade, who have it in their power to uphold the party of Protection or the party of Free Trade." Can any laboring man who reads this doubt as to his duty at the coming election.

REPUBLICANS, remember that we have a good ticket in the field. Every man on it is worthy of your cordial support. Without saying anything unkind about our opponents we can say confidently that the Republican ticket is in many ways superior to the one placed in the field by the late democratic convention. We have not a man nominated who is not qualified to fill the position to which we ask you to elevate him. Let every republican, therefore, do all he can for every man on the ticket.

JOHN GROVE has made pledges to the whisky men. As a whisky Republican said a few days ago (He lives over the mountain), when asked by the editor of this paper "How is our ticket going to run over where you live?" he replied "all right, except we are all going to vote for Grove over here. We want license." Now do the majority of the people want license? this is the question to be decided. We say they do not and will so express themselves at the election.

TEMPERANCE men of all parties should unite on Daniel Rhoads for associate judge. One of the most important questions to be decided at this election is whether we will have a court that shall be above reproach or whether we will have a judge elected to serve a particular interest and that one of the most debasing. Vote for the man that will make no pledges.

THE Union Labor party, of Centre county, held their convention yesterday afternoon in the Court House, making the following nominations: Associate Judge, J. Miles Green; Sheriff, George F. Deer; Treasurer, Thomas M. Way; Register, James H. Murphy; Recorder, Geo. W. Young; Commissioners, George R. Speigelmyer and John I. Thompson; Auditors, Andrew Gregg and William A. Krise.

THE temperance men have often said that if a square issue could be made this county would vote for no license. The opportunity is now present, a vote for Daniel Rhoads for associate judge is a vote for temperance. Will the voters of Centre county declare for temperance at the coming election. We believe they will.

BRASS bands are at a discount with both political parties this year. It is a still hunt, and it is hard to tell which side is the stillest.—*Watchman*. Why, you galoot, the Democratic side is the stillest, of course. Because of its love for the sort of a *still* where liquors are di-*still*-ed. Now be *still*, will you.

WHAT a relief it is to known that the Detroit base ball team contains the best players in the League and the St. Louis team the best in the Association, but what agony of apprehension we must endure until the final series of championship games proves which is superior—St. Louis or Detroit!

THE Republican State Convention in Nebraska last week favored the submission of a Prohibition amendment to a vote of the people. The Republican party all over the country is falling into line in favor of giving the public judgment a fair opportunity to express itself on this question.

T. M. GRAMLEY, for register, is a nomination so superior that he should command the votes of all who desire to have officers who can do the people's work in an efficient manner. A good officer will save money for the people.

GENERAL NOTES.

A troup of genuine Ashantees is diverting Paris.

Berlin is the only large German city that refuses to velocipedists the freedom of the streets.

Rear Admiral Chandler has sent a vessel to the Caroline Island to protect American interests.

The Treasury bond purchases on Friday were $689,380, making the total to that date $13,103,150

Ottawa, Ont., forbids the importation of rags from Mediterranean ports, Asiatic cholera prevailing there.

Emin Bey has sent out two squads in different directions to meet and escort Stanley to his possessions.

Ogden, Colder & Co, bankers at Troy, N. Y., assigned to Fred P. Allen. The shortage is said to be $200,000.

Solicitor General Jenks has asked the United States Supreme Court to consider the telephone suits immediately.

Worcester, Mass., keeps upon her poor farm about 500 hogs, of which about one-fourth have lately died of cholera.

A weather prophet in New York has been getting a beat on the goose-bone by predicting an early winter this year.

Dr. J. H. Hall, of Jacksonville, Fla., has offered to give 100,000 acres of pine land in Georgia to evicted Irish families.

Boys between the age of 10 and 18, who will neither work nor go to school, are set to work breaking stone at Fulton, Kan.

Many of the principal streets in the central part of Paris are having their former stone pavements changed to wooden ones.

An Illinois farmer has attached a churn to his wagon in such a way that the movement of the wagon churns his milk.

According to accounts from there the agitation against the Chinese seems to be increasing in all the colonies of Australia.

Rutland, Ga., has a resident who presented 62 of his friends and relatives with a coffin. His idea in doing so is not given.

There are in New York City something like 160 women physicians. Half a dozen or so make incomes of about $10,000 a year.

Knapp is rather a small town in Northern Wisconsin, but it will have a toboggan slide a mile long in operation next winter.

The Sultan of Turkey is attended by six slaves every time he makes his toilet, and the same six never perform the office twice.

A witness in a case tried lately in Augusta, Ga., testified that he drinks "in an ordinary day's 'bender' from 46 to 28 quarts of beer."

A suit in Patterson, N. J., developed the charge that one grave had been sold to three different purchasers, and used by each for burial purposes.

Ogden, Calder & Co., the Troy, N. Y., bankers who have assigned, have $200,000 liabilities. They expect to pay salaries and savings depositors in full.

A Yale sophomore (resident of St. Louis) who led a party of his classmates in hazing a freshman by painting his legs and feet, has been expelled by the faculty.

The names of 36 widows of soldiers who served in the Revolutionary War are still on the rolls of the Pension Office. The average age of the pensioners is 82½ years.

New York City is going to make the experiment of manual training in a dozen of its public schools, with the purpose of extending the system if it shall prove successful.

It is said a powerful combination is formed to unseat Alfred Sulley as a director of the Richmond Terminal, to be succeeded by William Rockafeller or William P. Clyde.

Patrich Egan, before leaving New York for the West, said he or Mr. Parnell had no stock to sell in *United Ireland* as they were but trustees, all profits going to the National League.

The tonnage moved by all the railroads in 1886 equalled 482,000,000 tons; it is estimated that the tonnage this year will equal 545,000,000 tons, a comparative increase of 63,000,000 tons.

George Winmill, engineer-in-chief of the Northwestern State Railway of India, is studying the railroad system of America, and has visited Judge Cooley, of the Interstate Commerce Commission.

A. J. Murphey, manager of the New York Academy of Music, has disappeared leaving behind a worthless check for $5000. The owners will arrange the payment of salaries and other expenses.

Mr. Z. A. Willliams, of Lee county, Ala., has a little boy, who is only 4 years old. The little fellow writes a good hand, is quick at figures, and can read as fluently as any one. He is a remarkable boy.

The chief of the Equipment Division at the Postoffice Department, Washington, has been in the service of the department 40 years. He is thoroughly posted on the merits of all mail appliances.

A convention of New York advocates of personal liberty has organized a party claiming 100,000 votes, which will only vote for advocates of its cause, and where none are forthcoming, will nominate a ticket.

Verdi is credited with the intention of composing an opera having for its title "Romeo and Juliet," which is to be first performed in 1889, on the occasion of the fiftieth anniversary of the representation of his first work.

Our Story Teller

A RIVER STORY.

HOW THE SLASHING REVIEWER MET HIS VICTIM.

From the Cassel's Magazine.

I was fain to supplement my income—pending the time when my learning, eloquence and acute intuitive grasp of difficult cases in all their bearings should have brought the British solicitor to my feet—with such literary work as I could obtain.

Having an uncle an editor and two college friends successful journalists, my efforts were not doomed to that disappointment which awaits the vast majority of young men and young women who are tempted by some early magazine acceptance to engage in that great, never-ending competitive examination comprised in the endeavor to earn a living out of periodical literature, and I got as much occupation for my pen as I could perform without neglecting my legal studies and prospects. Among other pickings, I received a guinea a week for an article in the *Bank Review*. Ostensibly it was the review of a book, but in reality the said book was the excuse or text for an essay which was intended to be witty, but was too often, I fear, merely flippant.

"I do not care for a dull account of the book you review; all I want is a paper," said the editor. And I did my best.

One of the most facetious papers, I remember, was written *apropos* of a little volume of poems issued in the orthodox green cover and entitled "Echoes of the Heart," by "Dora." I did not take the trouble to read them, but just dipped in here and there, without even cutting the leaves, to get points for funny "copy." I found one couplet, for example, in which girl was made to rhyme with curl, whereupon I spelled girl "gurl," drew an imaginary picture of a gushing young thing of fifty, with spectacles and an ink-stained thumb, and suggested that her proper occupation was the artistic cooking of a sheep's heart rather than writing nonsense about the echoes of her own. I inquired how a heart can have an echo, and insinuated that the Gurl of the Echoing Heart must be a ventriloquist, with a great deal more flippant stuff of the same kind, winding up with an affectingly serious diatribe against poetasters of both sexes and the publishers who print their effusions; a disgraceful article which was exactly to the taste of the *nil admirari* class, from which the readers of the *Bank Review* were principally recruited.

It was during this early period of my career, and at the season when London is dullest, when I met my old college friend Sinclair in the Strand and naturally asked him what brought him to town in the autumn.

"I have been ordering a dog-cart in Long Acre," he replied; "but why are you not out for a holiday?"

"I have nowhere particular to go to and no one to go with me. As has been often said, London when empty has more people in it than any other place when full," said I. "Besides, if I went out I should be paying for my empty chambers all the time as well as for my temporary lodgings."

"Aye, aye; but still a breath of country air does a man a world of good. And you can afford it; you have made a start and I expect the two ends meet, eh?"

"Yes; but I am waiting till they overlap before I indulge in luxuries."

"Look here," said Sinclair after a pause. "I wish you would come back to Aitcham this evening."

"You live at Aitcham now?"

"Yes, I have taken a furnished house there till the end of September. Rather a pretty place on the banks of the Thames; a lawn sloping to the edge of the river; perch and pike, they say; I have never caught any; boat house and all that. My wife took a fancy to that place, and it is just the same to me as any other until the hunting begins."

"Is it far?"

"Oh, no; near Pangbourne. We shall run down in a couple of hours. It is not any compliment to ask you, I own, for we are monstrous dull. But you have as good as owned that you have nothing to keep you in London, and it would be very good natured if you would come and take an oar."

"Take an oar?"

"Yes; I am rather tired of sculling those two about every afternoon by myself. Some row themselves and let their husbands, brothers, etc., steer, but my womenfolk don't seem to see it."

"You speak in the plural."

"Yes; my wife, you know, must have some one to speak to."

"She has you—"

"Pooh! It is easy to see that you have no experience. Why, we have been married nearly two years! I can't talk of fur-bolows, and my wife can't talk of hunting. She wants another woman to talk to, and so Miss Filmer is staying with us. I want a man to talk to, and you will be he, won't you? There is a quiet little room opening out into the garden, where you shall do any reading and writing you want, undisturbed, all the morning. Come!"

He led me to my chambers, made me pack my portmanteau, and had me down to the station and in a railway carriage almost before I had quite made up my mind whether I would go or not.

"You have not forgotten how to row, have you?" he asked as we rushed through the country.

"No, I fancy not; but I'm not in the condition I was when we rowed in our first boat during the May races. What time do you dine, by the way?"

"We never dine."

"No."

"No. We breakfast and lunch, and go on the water when the latter meal has been digested, and come back to a cold spread when we have had enough mist and moonlight. It is very romantic, I assure you."

"No doubt," said I, thinking I would have a pressing engagement to tear me back to town very soon. "Do you know what nightmare is?"

"Not very well; I saw a picture of one once in an old almanac, I think."

The clutch of the metropolis is never shaken off while you remain in the railway carriage which starts from it; nay, turmoil still rings in your ears for several minutes after you have left the station.

We had almost reached Sinclair's villa before the sweet odors of grass and flowers got hold of my senses, or the strange stillness of everything ceased to confuse me.

It was a delicious place. The house was white and wide and low, covered with jessamine and honeysuckle, and shaded on three sides by a broad veranda upon which the French windows of the sitting-room opened. The stables and kitchen were out of sight and smell somewhere, the lawn was cool with trees, and the bright, swiftly-flowing river shone at the bottom of it.

A lady sat in a cane camp chair in the veranda, reading the paper. She heard our voices and arose, and I was introduced to Mrs. Sinclair. My friend had made a good selection: she was handsome, well-dressed, courteous, hospitable, without knowing it. By which, as I cannot read people's hearts, I of course meant that she gave one the impression of not knowing it. She rather patronized me as being a benighted bachelor, after the manner of matrons of twenty.

It was about five o'clock in the afternoon, and she wanted to have dinner for me in a couple of hours, but of course I would not let them alter their domestic arrangements, so I had a light snack then and there, after which I declared my readiness to take to the water.

Passing out on the lawn accordingly, I found another lady with Mrs. Sinclair, and was made acquainted with Miss Filmer, a quiet, retiring little girl, rather nice looking when you came to notice her particularly, which one might very well neglect doing when there were several other girls present. Mrs. Sinclair called her "Daisy," and a most appropriate name it was to her. The boat-house, which was also arranged as a convenient bath-house, giving promise of an early plunge next morning, contained an out-rigger, a canoe and a skiff. The latter, which was afloat and only fastened by a padlock, was loosened; the ladies seated themselves in the stern, Mrs. Sinclair taking the tiller, and—as her husband remembered that I rowed on the stroke side at the University—I was placed on the afterthwart, in easy conversational contact with them. When Sinclair wanted to join in the talk he had to raise his voice and to demand repetition of any laughter-causing observation with a "What's that?"

I had not rowed for some time, and my hands were rather tender, but I took it easy and saved them.

It was a calm and glowing evening, the scenery was that which I liked best, the conversation of the women was by no means of furbelows, as Sinclair had put it, but clever, natural and interesting, so that I was enjoying myself thoroughly and no longer calculated on an early departure.

"Are you talking about books?" cried Sinclair from the bows. "Mind what you say, Kate; Jones there is an authority."

"No, no," said I; "I am only a hanger-on to journalism."

"Oh, I am so glad you are a literary man. I do so want a really good opinion about a certain book. Miss Filmer, you must know, is an authoress."

"Oh, no, Kate.

"You are, Daisy, and you are a great deal too diffident. Diffidence is a great bar to success, is it not, Mr. Jones?"

"The most disgraceful, the most unmanly, cowardly attack that was ever penned!" cried Mrs. Sinclair indignantly. "Some of the poems are beautiful, all show originality and talent. You shall see them yourself, Mr. Jones, and then judge."

"Oh, no, please," said Miss Filmer, who looked really distressed.

"I hope you will not refuse me the pleasure of reading them," said I.

"In my proper profession, the law, it would certainly be fatal," I replied, laughing; "and I think that in authorship a little confidence is just as well. But what is your work, Miss Filmer—a novel?"

"No; though I am accused of diffidence, I was so ambitious as to write verses. But I was rightly punished for my temerity, and their worthlessness was fully exposed."

"She cannot; you shall have my copy," cried Sinclair from behind me. "I am no judge of poetry myself, but I thought them capital, and so did the publisher—really, you know, because he printed them without making changes."

"I am afraid he has lost money, poor man," sighed the poetess.

"Oh, Miss Filmer! What was the name of the review that attacked you?"

"The *Bank Review*," replied Mrs. Sinclair for her friend. "Did you ever hear of it?"

"Yes," said I as carelessly as I could; but a bit of a lump began to rise in my throat; "I have seen the periodical. Did Miss Filmer publish her own name?"

"No, she took the *nom de plume* of 'Dora' fortunately. I think she would hardly ever have got over the attack if it had not been for the shelter of a pseudonym."

"Mr. Jones will think me very thin-skinned," said Miss Filmer with a smile; "but I do not think I should have taken any fair criticism of my book, however severe, to heart. Indeed, some were kind and some were harsh, and I set them against one another. But this particular notice seemed to be dictated by personal malice, for it sought to turn me into ridicule as well as my work. It made me feel as if I had done a bold and unwomanly thing, and certainly cured me forever of authorship. No success would compensate one for being made the subject of such attacks."

If I gave you my real name, which of course is not Jones, you would recognize the fact that I am not generally considered deficient in that useful forensic quality—confidence,—or suppose we call it brass. Even in those early days I was not easily put out of countenance; but on that occasion I did wish that the bottom of the boat would open and a friendly barbel of whale-like proportion absorb me quietly.

For once in my life I did feel most utterly and intolerably ashamed of myself. That little, pretty, delicate, gentle girl—so refined, so sensitive! Oh, it was just as if I had struck a blindman or an infant.

"That is the old form," gasped Sinclair. "But—I say—you know—we have—to come back—again."

"You will knock my poor husband quite up if you row so fast," said the wife with a smile that had a touch of anxiety in it. And, in truth, trying to escape from my reflections and not aware what I was about, I had him set a racing stroke, and we were tearing through the water at a grand pace. I ceased at once, and presently we turned. I was so thoroughly disconcerted, however, that I made my blistered hands an excuse for changing places, and so shifting the brunt of conversation to Sinclair.

Before retiring that evening I borrowed the volume of poems. It was indeed the "Echoes of the Heart" which I had treated so unkindly; but why did they let her choose such a provoking title? I read every line before going to bed, and felt more ashamed of myself as I proceeded. It was not merely the verses which rebuked me, though they were more than meritorious; but the kindness, the broad charity, the flashes of eloquent admiration, excited by all that is most noble in humanity, should have guaranteed the book against instant insult, at all events. I passed a bad night over it, but recovered my self-possession in the morning, and at breakfast expressed myself in terms which brought color into the cheeks and light into the eyes of the poetess. As for the hostile critic, I alluded to him in a way which prevented the ladies ever mentioning his libel again, for fear, as Sinclair told me, lest I should find out who the culprit was and become engaged in some personal conflict with him. That I might be spared no element of remorse, Miss Daisy proved to be an orphan and poor, her father, a retired Colonel, having fallen into the trap which catches so many old officers and become director of some company which broke down and swallowed his little property.

However, I managed to calm myself down, and tried to make amends by being as agreeable as I could to the young lady I had unwittingly injured. It was a rather dangerous operation, considering that I was several years short of thirty and she was several years younger; but it had the fascination about it which dangerous games often have. What with bathing, boating and making amends, a fortnight slipped away presently, and when I returned to town at the end of that time I could scarcely be called a free man.

A Tennessee country editor who went off for his summer vacation left the following notice on his office door: "Will be gone for several days and have left matters in charge of the office boy. People who wish to pay subscriptions will see our wife. Those who have complaints to make please go to the devil."

A Large City.

If anyone were to walk one way through all the streets of London, he would be obliged to go a distance of two thousand six hundred miles, or as far as it is across the American continent from New York to San Francisco. This will give an idea of what would have to be done in order to see even the greater part of London.

In our approach to this city, as well as in our rambles through its streets, we shall not be struck so much by its splendid and imposing appearance as by its immensity. Go where we may there seems to be no end to the town. It is fourteen miles one way, and eight the other, and contains a population of nearly four million people, which is greater, indeed, than that of Switzerland, or the kingdom of Denmark and Greece combined. We are told on good authority that there are more Scotchmen in London than in Edinburgh, more Irishmen than in Dublin, and more Jews than in Palestine, with foreigners from all parts of the world, including a great number of Americans. Yet there are so many Englishmen in London, that one is not likely to notice the presence of these people of other nations.

This vast body of citizens, some so rich that they can never count their money, and some so poor that they never have any to count, eat every year four hundred thousand oxen, one and a half million sheep, eight million chickens and game birds, not to speak of calves, hogs, and different kinds of fish. They consume five hundred million oysters, which, although it seems like a large number would only give if equally divided among all people one oyster every third day to each person. There are three hundred thousand servants in London, enough people to make a large city; but as this gives only a servant to each dozen citizens, it is quite evident that a great many of the people must wait on themselves. Things are very unequally divided in London: and I have no doubt instead of there being one servant to twelve persons, some of the rich lords and ladies have twelve servants apiece.

How to Get Riches.

The Boston *Herald* was enterprising enough to group together the views of a number of wealthy men on the subject of amassing a fortune. Mr. P. T. Barnum, the veteran showman, gave good health, temperance, the choice of a suitable vocation, economy, perseverance and printers' ink as prime requisites in the race for dollars. General Butler's advice, epitomized, is: "Be diligent and prudent, and invest in improved real estate." Mr. H. H. Faxon, the temperance leader, advises total abstinence and strict attention to business. Erastus Wiman, the New York millionaire, thinks too many young men go into the professions. More money can be made in the employment of others. He deprecates speculation, and favors honest, hard-working, economical business methods.

President Asa P. Potter recommends the selection of a congenial business. Charles A. Pillsbury, the Minneapolis flour king, advises young men to work early and late and give their best efforts to their employers because room for the promotion of such men is always found, and he adds never overrate your own ability nor underrate that of your competitors. Russell Sage, the great money king, tersely puts his advice thus: "Save your money," and bases his success upon following the advice of Polonius to Laertes. To these may be added the advice of a rich and prominent Boston business man, who said: "I never found any way to make money but to work like old Harry, save all I possibly could, put it away, and forget entirely that I had it. If a man does this for a while he will wake up some day and find that he is rich."

Just How it Works.

Philadelphia Call.

Some men have a remarkable way of explaining things. Two strangers were standing in front of the traction cable station on Sansom street and one man was explaining to the other the operation of the machinery. "The old thing works like this," he said: "You notice the big wheel?"

"Yes."

"Well, there's a dewfunny on the side that's connected with a magigger that's out of sight. When the steam is turned on a dingus ketches hold of the cable and presses it against the wheel; then a catch-iron flip-flap does something that I don't understand and the cable reels off them thingumbobs. Understand?"

"Quite," said his friends, gravely; "but what is the use of that gliderfluke at the far end?"

"That is a sort of twistycutis that keeps the cable from kicking."

"I'll tell the folks at home about this," remarked the second man, evidently very much pleased. "Let's take something."

A little girl, daughter a of well known commercial traveler of the city, was walking down street with her mother. She left her mother's side and went out some distance from the edge of the side walk, walking along in danger of being run over. "Come back," said the mother. "You should walk on the side walk." "No," said the little one, "I'm going out on the road like my papa."

A Valuable Autograph.

New York Sun.

A very charming young lady, with an autograph album in her hand, approached Mr. E. M. Rossiter, the Treasurer of the New York Central Railroad Company, at a social gathering a few evenings ago, and requested him to add his name to her collection.

"See," she said, "I have only names of prominent men in my album, and I have long wanted yours to complete it."

"Oh, I don't believe you really care very much for my autograph?"

"Indeed, I do," asserted the lady. "I wouldn't miss getting it for anything."

"Not for a hundred dollar bill?" asked the New York Central's Treasurer.

"No, not for a hundred dollar bill."

Mr. Rossiter took the album, and with a stylographic pen wrote on a blank page of the book a check on the Chemical National Bank for $100 payable to the young lady.

"There," he said, as he handed her the album, "I have taken you at your word. You can take your choice between keeping my autograph or parting with it and getting the hundred dollar bill."

The lady was highly delighted at this addition to her album, and showed it to her father. He is a business man, and his first act after reading the check was to turn it over and glance at the back. There, in a bold hand, was the indorsement:

Life is real, life is earnest,
And the grave is not its goal.

FREDERICK J. JONES.
1887. Narragansett Pier.

"Who is this Jones?" asked paterfamilias

"Oh, that is a young gentleman whom I met at the seashore a few weeks ago," avowed the daughter.

"Well," said the old gentleman, "I don't suppose his indorsement adds to the value of the check, but if you should ever try to cash it you will have to explain how it got there."

Funeral of Jeffersons's Granddaughter.

While the Centennial celebration at Philadelphia was at its height on Friday the Episcopal service for the dead was being read at a modest house on Second street, Washington, over the remains of Septima Randolph Meikleham, who died on Wednesday, aged 73 years. She was the last surviving grandchild of the author of the Declaration of Independence. Only a few people, consisting of the relatives and very intimate friends of the deceased, were present. At the conclusion of the brief ceremonies the remains were taken to the Baltimore and Potomac station, to go to New York. They will be finally interred in Woodlawn Cemetery. One of her two surviving sons accompanied the remains. Mrs. Meikleham was the daughter of Martha Jefferson, and her father was Governor Thomas M. Randolph, of Virginia. The Randolph estate was at Edge Hill, just across from Monticello, and there she lived long after the Monticello estate and the tomb of her illustrious grandfather had passed into the hands of strangers. One of her daughters, a clerk in the Patent Office, was recently dismissed, but was promptly reinstated when it was found that her salary contributed to the maintenance of Thomas Jefferson's granddaughter. Mrs. Meikleham died of gout.

The Man for the Work.

New York Editor—Want a position, eh? How many years' experience have you had?

Applicant—I never worked on a newspaper, but I have been ten years in literature.

What sort?

I have written over a hundred dime novels.

I see. Lively imagination, eh?

Yes, sir.

Ever been in Washington?

Once, over twenty years ago.

Know how the White House looks?

Oh, yes.

Well, sit down and write up a long interview with the President.

Why the Good Lady Blushed.

"Mrs. Jones, can't you look me in the face without a blush and say you haven't squandered that fifty cents recklessly?" asked Jones, who has the reputation of being the meanest man in the country.

"No; I don't think I can. I can't look anybody in the face without a blush."

"Ha! See the result of a guilty conscience. So you can't look people in the face without blushing."

"No; whenever I try I am overwhelmed with the mortifying consciousness that I have got you for a husband."

All Sorts.

The horse is a noble animal. All tooth-brush handles are made from his thigh bone.

Gamblers are said to frequent ocean steamers because gulls are very thick at sea.

It must be very hard on a man who has been a toper all his life and find a watery grave.

"I often cut my oldest acquaintance" said the buzz saw, as it took off a mill hand's finger.

Edith—You ought to read this book of Howells', ma. It's so real. I never saw anything like it.—*Life.*

A great many good men have missed the top of the ladder by attempting too many rounds at the first jump.

When a man feels blue is when he values most the soothing sympathy of his friends. And generally they laugh at him.

"Tis sweet to be remembered" by the delinquent patron who owes several years subscription—providing he liquidates his indebtness.

Colonel Higginson has written a paper on a new kind of bonds—the "New England Vagabonds." They are coupon bonds—cut off from society.

One cent is very small, but when it is added to the rate of interest you receive on a stock it possesses a stern, magnificent grandeur that carries you away like a strain of music.

A Frenchman in Philadelphia has invented a plan for walking on water. If he will show an old toper how to walk on a dozen glasses of whiskey he will earn the stagger's gratitude.

"Your honor," pleaded the condemned man, "will you put my execution for Thursday instead of Friday?" "Why?" inquired the Judge. "Because Friday is such an unlucky day."

A city school teacher asked her pupils the other day to give her an example of a collective noun. Straightway a youngster thrust up his head, and, when called upon to answer, said: "Salvation Army."

A fashion item says that the "V" corsage will be in vogue this fall and winter, but the writer neglects to inform many an anxious reader how a "V" corsage can be secured by the possessor of an "I" purse.

Wife: "I don't see how you can say that Mr. Whitechoker has an effeminate way of talking. He has a very loud voice." Husband: "I meant by an effeminate way of talking, my dear, that he talks all the time."

A Western paper says that Indians always improve every chance they get to attend a circus. We have always understood that the noble red man delighted in a circus, but we had an idea that he always wanted to be chief performer.

Making Fun of Editors.

Something must really be the matter. The New York papers haven't sold the B. & O. Telegraph to Gould for a whole week.

Rev. Dr. Fulton wants to know what would have become of Martin Luther if he had become a newspaper editor. He would have been a success, for he was an expert at firing the inkstand at the devil.

Mrs. Muggers—Is that Prince Lumtum? Why, he's dressed just like any one else.

Bystander—Of course.

"Why, I expected to see him rigged out in all sorts of beautiful toggery. I don't see why the papers want to deceive poor folks the way they do and give me this long wait for nothing."

"What did the papers say?"

"They say that Prince Lumtum and and his suit had arrived."

"People who are connected with the press do not live long," said the professor. "The continued mental and physical effort is very wearing, and a man breaks down sooner or later."

"Yes, that's true. I had a brother who adopted the press as a profession and it killed him the first day."

"Indeed! How could that occur?"

"Why, he fell into it. It was a hay press, you see."

Where the Cigar Got its Name.

The origin of the word cigar is of some interest and is not to be found in the ordinary dictionaries. The word, of course, is Spanish, and Littre in his French dictionary says that it is derived from cigarra, the Spanish name for grasshopper. When the Spaniards first introduced tobacco into Spain from the Island of Cuba in the sixteenth century, they cultivated the plant in their gardens, which in Spain are called cigarrals. Each grew his tobacco in his cigarral and rolled it up for smoking as he had learned from the Indians in the West Indies. When one offered a smoke to a friend he would say: "Es de mi cigarral"—it is from my garden. Soon the expression came to be: "Este cigarr es de mi cigarral"—this cigar is from my garden. And from this the word cigar spread over the world. The name cigarral for garden comes from cigarra, a grasshopper, that insect being very common in Spain, and cigarrals meaning the place where the cigarri sings. In this way the word cigar comes from cigarra, the name of the insect, not because it resembles the body of the grasshopper, but because it was grown in the place it frequents.

Medical, Etc.

How's
Your Liver?

Is the Oriental salutation, knowing that good health cannot exist without a healthy Liver. When the Liver is torpid the Bowels are sluggish and constipated, the food lies in the stomach undigested, poisoning the blood; frequent headache ensues; a feeling of lassitude, despondency and nervousness indicate how the whole system is deranged. Simmons Liver Regulator has been the means of restoring more people to health and happiness by giving them a healthy Liver than any agency known on earth. It acts with extraordinary power and efficacy.

NEVER KNOWN DISAPPOINTED.

As a general family remedy for Dyspepsia, Torpid Liver, Constipation, etc., I believe it ever use anything else, must have never been disappointed in the results. I believe it seems to be almost a specific for all diseases of the stomach.

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Read This, Young Men.

The young man who does just as little as possible for an employer sometimes wonders why he is not given a position in the business house in which he is employed when a less brilliant companion who works for another establishment, is advanced very rapidly. The reason probably is that the less brilliant companion is more faithful, and works conscientiously, always seeking to do more than enough barely to secure his salary Somebody sees and appreciates his work and when the opportunity comes a better place is given him, which he fills with equal faithfulness. An illustration of this may be found in the following true incident: A boy about 16 years of age had been seeking employment in one of our large cities. He had looked vainly for two weeks, and was well nigh hopeless of getting work to do, when one afternoon he entered a store kept by a gentleman whom we will call Mr. Stone.

The lad asked the usual question: 'Can you give me anything to do?"

Mr. Stone to whom he appealed, answered:

"No; full now." Then he happened to notice an expression of despondency in the youth's face he said: 'If you want to work half an hour or so, go down stairs and pile up that kindling wood. Do it well and I will give you 25 cents."

"All right, and thank you, sir," answered the young man and went below. As the store was about closing for the afternoon he came up stairs and went to Mr. Stone.

"Ah, yes" said the gentleman, somewhat hastily. "Piled the wood? Well, here's your money."

"No, sir; I'm not through, and I should like to come and finish it in the morning," said the young fellow, refusing the silver piece.

"All right," said Mr. Stone, and thought no more of the affair till the next morning, when he chanced to be in the basement, and recollecting the wood pile, glanced into the coal and wood room. The wood was arranged in orderly tiers, the room was cleanly swept, and the young man was at the moment engaged in reparing the coal bin.

"Hullo!" said Mr. Stone. "I didn't engage you to do anything but pile up that wood."

"Yes, sir, I know it," answered the lad; "but I saw this needed to be done, and I had rather work than not. I don't expect any pay but my quarter."

"Humph!" muttered Mr. Stone, and went up to his office without further comment. Half an hour later the young man presented himself, clean and well well brushed, for his pay.

Mr. Stone passed him his quarter.

"Thank you," said the youth, and turned away.

"Stop a minute," said Mr. Stone. "Have you a place in view where you can find work?"

"No, sir."

"Well, I want you to work for me. Here"—writing something on a piece of paper—"take this note to the gentleman standing by the counter there, he will tell you what to do. I'll give you six dollars a week to begin with. Do your work as well as you did that downstairs and—that's all," and Mr. Stone turned away before the young fellow recovered from his surprise sufficiently to speak.

This happened fifteen years ago. Mr. Stone's store is more than twice as large as it was then, and its superintendent today is the young man who began by piling up kindling wood for twenty-five cents. Faithfulness has been his motto. By it he has been advanced step by step, and has not yet by any means reached the topmost round of success. He is sure to become a partner some day, either with his employer or in some other business house.

A Wise Woman.

From the New York Daily Sun.

At the cetenary of Columbia College last April, among the many honorary degrees conferred was one of Doctor of Letters on Miss Alice Elvira Freeman, and when a pleasant faced and intellectual looking woman of about thirty arose to receive it she was greeted with great applause.

Miss Freeman won the distinction—which was all the more remarkable because of the conservative character of the college—by reason of her services toward the higher education of women. She was graduated in 1876 at the University of Michigan, and in 1882 became President of Wellesley College, a college for women, situated in the vicinity of Boston, and whose standard of study is as high as that in the more exacting colleges for young men. Her success there had also been previously recognized by the Michigan University, which five years ago conferred on her the degree of Doctor of Philosophy.

But now it is reported that Miss Freeman. LL. D., Ph. D., has resigned her place as President of Wellesley College and is about to be married to a professor at Harvard. If such is the case, she presumably retires finally from the work in whose pursuit she has gained honors so extraordinary for a woman, with the intention of devoting herself to her duties as a wife. The title of Mrs. and the name of wife are dearer to her than all the titles which institutions of learning can bestow; and she would rather be the head of her own home and teacher of her own children than the President of a college and the famous leader in the higher education of women.

We do net doubt that the gratifica- which Dr. Freeman has obtained from scholastic honors and degrees will seem as nothing in comparison with the joys that married life will bring her. She has chosen the part of the wise woman.

Cleveland in Milwaukee.

MILWAUKEE, October 6.—At 1.03 p. m. the booming of cannon announced the arrival of the presidential train at the Northwestern depot, where a multitude has assembled. The scenes along the way from Chicago were of the usual character. At Evanston there was a brass band serenade and a triumphal arch of evergreens. At Racine, flags could be seen flying over the town a mile away. At smaller stations all the people round about were in waiting and even the ploughmen in the fields had their horses bedecked with flags and ribbons.

When the procession, which had been formed and at the head of which the distinguished guests and the reception committee rode in carriages, had traversed its circuitous route, and arrived at the west front of the court house the honored guests and the committee left their carriages and took places on the tastefully decorated platform that had been there erected. The military and civic societies that participated in the parade then passed in review, after which Mayor Wallber arose and welcomed the president and his wife to the fair city of Milwaukee and introduced the nation's ruler to the assembled thousands. Cheers rent the air as the president pressed forward and bowed to his auditors and it was some time before quiet was restored and the president was able to deliver his response.

From the court house reviewing stand the procession resumed its march to Schultz park, where the hand-shaking feature of the programme was arranged to be carried out. Behind the presidential carriage all way up to the park trudged a grizzled old Irishman, holding aloft a banner inscribed with the words: "President and Constitution." He had walked to Milwaukee all the way from Neenah, Wis., with his flag for this purpose. He gave his name as John Sexton.

The president's reception lasted an an hour. He was so tired of handshaking as he himself observed that most of the time he kept his hands behind him and simply bowed as the people passed. This afternoon Mrs. Cleveland dined at the residence of John L. Mitchell, resident manager of the Soldiers Home. This evening she listened to the toasts at the merchant's banquet from the balcony of the dining hall.

Three hundred and fifty guests sat down at the banquet tendered by the Merchant's association to President Cleveland, including leading republicans, democrats and mugwumps from all parts of the state. The president was received with great applause, and when he rose to respond to the welcoming address of President Andrews he was greeted with vociferous cheering. Mr. Cleveland's appearance on the balcony of dining Hall was the occasion of cheering and clapping of hands.

Base Ball.

GAMES ON WEDNESDAY.

At Washington—Washington 12, Boston 9.

At Pittsburgh—Pittsburgh 8, Chicago 5.

At Louisville—Louisville 7, St. Louis 6.

At Indianapolis—Indianapolis 10, Detroit 5.

At Philadelphia—Baltimore 16, Athletic 3.

At New York—Philadelphia 1, New York 0.

At Cleveland—No game here to-day; mistake in schedule.

At Brooklyn—Metropolitans 3, Brooklyn 1—Game called at the seventh inning; darkness.

GAMES ON THURSDAY.

At Washington—Washington 4, Boston 6.

At Indianapolis—Detroit 7, Indianapolis 6.

At Philadelphia—Baltimore 0, Athletics 4.

At Brooklyn—Metropolitan 3, Brooklyn 8.

At New York—Philadelphia 6, New York 3.

At Pittsburg—First game—Pittsburg 11, Chicago 3. Second game—Pittsburg 9, Chicago 1.

At St. Louis—First game—Louisville 12, St. Louis 8. Second game—St. Louis 5, Louisville 11.

GAMES ON FRIDAY.

At St. Louis—St. Louis 12, Cleveland 2.

At Philadelphia—Athletic 10, Brooklyn 3.

At Pittsburg—Pittsburg 9, Chicago 7.

At Washington—Washington 12, Boston 1.

At Indianapolis—Indianapolis 2, Detroit 2. Called on account of darkness.

At Philadelphia—Philadelphia 5, New York 5. Called on account of darkness.

At Staten Island—Metropolitan 6, Baltimore 6. Called on account of darkness.

PHILADELPHIA, October 6.—At the Athletic association grounds to-day W. Byrd Page, the champion running high jumper, jumped six feet four inches beating his best previous record of six feet three and one quarter inches.

Miscellaneous.

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Other letters of a similar character from prominent individuals, which stamp Kaskine as a remedy of undoubted merit, will be sent on application.

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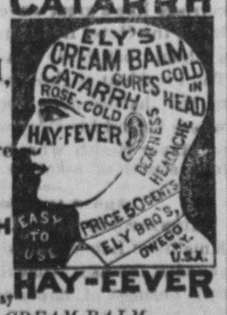

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In Minneapolis.

MADISON, Wis., October 7.—At 1 o'clock this afternoon the cannon boomed forth a salute of twenty-one guns, which was also a notification that the president's train was in sight. Wild cheers went up from the 10,000 people who surrounded the depot and stretched for blocks in all directions, and locomotives screeched response as the train thundered up to the depot. At the first sight of the president the crowd went wild with enthusiasm, but were sturdily kept within the prescribed limits by a cordon of military and police. The line of march was readily formed and the prearranged parade proceeded.

The president and Mrs. Cleveland were in their most gracious mood and smiled frequently and good-naturedly on the enthusiastic multitude. In the procession were many of the most distinguished citizens of Wisconsin. Partisanship was laid aside and men of all beliefs vied in doing honor to the country's president and his wife. The presidential equipage embraced the $1,400 landau, to which was attached a big span of prancing black steeds. The president viewed with special interest the welcome arch at the east corner of Capital park, on which stood the Goddess of Liberty and all the states of the union represented by pretty girls in appropriate costume.

On the line of march was the executive residence and the postmaster general's home. It was after 2 o'clock when the procession reached the east front of the capitol, where, on the platform erected on the portico, a formal welcome was tendered. The park was crowded to the the fence, 300 feet distant, with a solid mass of humanity, from which frequently thunderous cheers would break forth. The formal address of welcome was made by Chief Justice Erasmus Cole, of the state supreme bench, and was a dignified effort.

MADISON, Wis., October 7.—This afternoon the president and party visited the capitol building where a public reception was held and for two hours the people poured in. When the reception ended Mrs. Cleveland went at once to the residence of Postmaster General Vilas and the president visited the Dane county fair escorted by Governor Rusk and Colonel Vilas. Subsequently he also went to the Vilas mansion. This evening Colonel and Mrs. Vilas gave a dinner to the president. Among those present were Governor and Mrs. Rusk, Chief Justice Cole and Mayor Conklin and wife. The town is gorgeously arrayed.

Sold to Gould.

NEW YORK, October 6.—Jay Gould left his office in the Western Union building at 4 o'clock this afternoon, after a brief conference. When questioned about the Baltimore and Ohio Telegraph deal, he said: "We have bought the Baltimore and Ohio Telegraph; we have paid for it, or arranged to do so, and the price is five million dollars."

Although the officials of the Western Union Telegraph decline to make any statement formally in regard to the B. & O. matter, it is given out by the officials in an informal way under a promise to use no names that the papers for the transfer of the B. & C. Telegraph to the Western Union have been signed. The wires of the former company are already virtually under Western Union control.

The contract signed includes not only the Baltimore and Ohio Telegraph Company's lines, but the wires and the exclusive right of way of the railroad company. This gives the Western Union as well the right to wires on the West Shore road. All the avenues to New York by the trunk lines are now owned by Western Union, the only other wires entering the city coming by highway.

The Official Figures.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., October 7.—General Secretary Litchman presented his report to-day. The number of members reported in good standing at the last session of the general assembly was 702,924, and the number of members in arrears 26,753. This made the apparent membership of the order as then reported 729,677. For the six months following the session of the general assembly at Richmond the papers of the country have been filled continually with assaults upon the order, upon the general officers, and everything possible was done to disintegrate and destroy the order, yet in spite of all this opposition, the total number of members reported in good standing July 1 is in round numbers 485,000. Add to this the nearly 50,000 who are in the same relation to the order as were the 26,753 reported as in arrears upon the last report, and we would have the membership of the order 535,000, July 1, 1887. This would indicate an apparent decrease of about 195,000 members. The receipts for the fiscal year ending July 1 are shown to be $388,931, giving, with balance on hand, a grand total of $508,647.

Assaulted by Police.

NEW YORK, Oct. 8.—The progressive labor party, composed almost exclusively of socialists, held an immense mass meeting in Union Square to-night, and for a brief interval a terrible outbreak, such as occurred at the Haymarket in Chicago, seemed imminent. The 150 police present made a charge on the crowd, beating and clubbing them till they scattered like sheep. Women fainted in the crush, while the speakers tried in vain to control the flying hundreds with their voices, but in vain. The attendance at the meeting was very large, half a dozen bands having been engaged by the various organizations, the regular speakers' stand and two trucks being utilized by the orators.

It was at 9:35 o'clock, and Henry Vrooman, the socialist delegate, was about to read the resolutions from one of the three trucks used as stands for speakers, when suddenly a disturbance arose from a compact band of men equidistant from the Vrooman stand and one of the trucks. They sent up a chorus of groans and hisses, interspersed with the hoarse campaign cry of "George, George; Henry George!" What followed was like a dreadful nightmare. Police Captain Reilley, of the Nineteenth district, who was in charge of the whole force present, was seen to leave his position in front of the Everett house porch and beckon to a squad of his men. They approached the scene of the disturbance in double-quick time. Simultaneously, as it seemed to those on the main platform, the serried lines of police, 150 strong and led by Sergeants Granger, McGann and Schmittberger, threw themselves bodily on the assemblage.

Surrounded on all sides by the blue coats, the 10,000 men and women turned their faces toward Fourth avenue and tried to flee. They could not fly fast enough, however. A hundred night sticks arose and fell on their heads, their backs, and on their hands and faces, and shrieks of pain and terror rose on every hand. Delicate women, crushed and exhausted from the pressure of the immense horde of frightened human beings, fell to the ground and rose up battered and bedraggled. Others ran with bleeding foreheads and noses and showed themselves to the speakers on the main stand, who shouted forth words of sympathy and indignation. In a marvelously brief period of time the plaza held less than a dozen men, where it had formerly held thousands. A few, whose indignation led them to turn and try to argue the matter with the police, were clubbed till they were forced to flee. A drug store on the northwest corner of Fourth avenue and Seventeenth street, was filled for the next half hour with fainting women and men in search of linament and court plaster.

NEW YORK, October 9—The trouble with the police at the progressive labor party's mass meeting Saturday night restored the wrangling factions of the Central Labor union to at least temporary harmony. At their meeting to-day Delegate Hawkes, who is a pronounced George man, offered resolutions denouncing the police for interfering at the meeting, and they were seconded by several George men. Delegate Hayburn, in speaking on the resolution, said that circumstances which had brought about the Chicago bomb-throwing were identical with those that precipitated last night's onslaught upon the peaceably-assembled workingmen of New York. The resolutions first offered were not deemed sufficiently strong and they were rewritten and unanimously adopted.

Edison's Latest Idea.

NEW YORK, October 9.—In an interview published yesterday Thomas A. Edison makes a statement that may be of interest to Pittsburgh. When asked by a reporter, "What is to be the tendency of invention during the next quarter of a century?" he said: "The next invention, I think, is likely to be turning of coal into motive power without the mediation of steam. I am now at work on a machine called the pyromagnetic dynamo for this purpose—to get electricity from coal. Almost all of our available energy is in wood and coal. We get it out at a terrible waste. As four-fifths of the heat in a fireplace goes up the chimney, and only one-fifth out into the room where it is wanted, so about three-fourth of the energy in coal is lost in getting at the other fourth.

"Coal can be turned immediately into electricity—I have demonstrated that—and I will know in a short time whether it can be done commercially; that is, without costing more than it comes to. If my idea can be realized, a steamer that now burns about 150 tons of coal a day will burn 25 tons instead. Very certain I am that the whole tendency of invention for the last thirteen years of this century will be directed toward economy of motive power."

Base Ball.

The championship season in the National League closed on Saturday. On that day Pittsburgh tied a game with Chicago, Indianapolis downed Detroit, Washington won from Boston and Philadelphia beat New York. Detroit takes the pennant, while the Chicagos go into third place and the Phillies anchor at second.

A Narrow Escape.

ZANESVILLE, O., October 9.—The evening passenger train on the Cincinnati and Muskingum Valley railroad containing, besides the regular passengers, Governor J. B. Foraker, Assistant Adjutant General Cain, State Librarian Doan and a reception committee of Zanesville's most prominent citizens, left the track at Roseville, ten miles south of here, last evening and the Governor and his suite had a hairbreadth escape from instant death. A new switch had just been put in at the works of the Midland Pottery company, a quarter of a mile this side of the station.

The track had been hastily and as it proved insecurely put down. To the left of the track was a 20-foot embankment washed by a deep creek. The engine and baggage car passed the switch safely As the smoker crossed the treacherous frog, the rails spread and the car left the track. The next coach, containing the governor and his party, followed, and as the train rounded the curve the engine dragged the car toward the steep embankment. Just at the edge of the embankment the train broke, the platform of the smoker giving way. The coupings of the rear coach, which also left the track, held the governor's coach from going over. But a few inches more would have precipitated it over the embankment into the creek below.

The occupants of the governor's coach, upon the first indication of danger, rushed to the side nearest the main track to throw their weight against the toppling over of the cars. When it stopped, the governor's car was suspended at an angle of about 52 degrees, only a few inches from the edge of the bank. The governor climbed out of the window, and the whole party then carefully extricated themselves from their perilous situation. The engine and baggage car escaped injury, but the three coaches were badly wrecked. Upon receiving news of the accident, a special train was sent down from this city to bring the passengers here. A large crowd had assembled in Gold Hall to hear the governor speak, and exhibited patience in waiting for his appearance. The governor arrived at 10 o'clock, and was driven directly to the hall, where he delivered an address for about an hour. He then went to the hotel for supper, and returned to Columbus at midnight.

The President at St. Paul.

ST. PAUL, Minn., October 10.—The presidential party arrived here at 5.30 this evening after a most enjoyable day's journey. The people along the line and at the smaller stations were much less demonstrative than those of the regions passed through earlier in the trip. Everywhere the best of order prevailed. Just north of Winona a throng of workmen were gathered and one on horseback rode up to the slow moving train to present to Mrs. Cleveland with their compliments a handsome boquet. He reached it out and thought it safe in her hand, but unluckily it was not, and fell to the ground. The mounted man was embarrassed for a moment, but an athletic fellow from among the workmen leaped a ditch, picked up the flowers, none the worse for their fall, and amidst the wildest hurrahs of his companions, delivered them. He will remember the lady's smile as long as he lives. The special schedule time of the train to-day was considerably faster than any heretofore.

The weather this evening is decidedly bracing and the crowd is unparallelled in the city's history. The reception committee boarded the train when it came to a stop, being received by President and Mrs. Cleveland who were standing in the parlor of their car. The party were soon escorted to their carriages, the President's being drawn by four white horses The artillery began the presidential salute as the party emerged from the station and the cheering was almost continuous. The streets through which the procession moved were literally jammed with a surging multitude of humanity, which surged after the carriage like a great wave. Upon arriving at the Hotel Ryan the crowd sent up a shout that fairly made the air ring. The President alighted and was escorted to the handsomely decorated parlors where he and his party were introduced to Mayor Smith who delivered a very brief speech of welcome.

Again in Session.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., October 10.—The Knights of Labor general assembly convened at the usual time this morning, but little business of importance was handled, the time being consumed in hearing reports and appointing committees. There was not a very full attendance, and the hotel lobbies swarmed with knights. Among the majority of these there was an unmistakable feeling of satisfaction at the sentiments presented by Mr. Powderly in his report on the attitude of their order and the Catholic church. The Associated Press representative talked with knights of all religious denominations and they were loud in their praise of Mr. Powderly's report and his personal attitude.

Master Workman Lowry, of district assembly 111, Bradford, Pa., said: "Yes, I must confess there was considerable trepidation and doubt with regard to Mr. Powderly's feelings, as well as some speculation as to what the sentiment of this report would be, but I am certain that every man in my district is satisfied this morning. There are not such a large number of Catholics in my district, and I am a Methodist, a denomination which, to-day, I think is more opposed to Catholicism than any other in existence. I think the religious beliefs have nothing to do with our order, and I am proud of Mr. Powderly and refer with satisfaction to his remarks as to keeping up the dignity of the order. The remarks as to the attitude toward anarchism also struck home, and to-day we stand upon a well defined and independent platform that every member understands."

Thirty Lives Lost.

KOUTZ, Ind., October 11.—The east bound train that left Chicago last night with a full load of passengers had occasion to stop at a water tank three miles west of here to make some repairs to the locomotive. The train had scarcely come to a stop when an east bound fast freight, loaded with fresh meat, ran into the rear of the express. The wreck quickly took fire and the sight of the shrieking victims and dancing flames was one never to be forgotten.

When the reporter arrived here this afternoon all the dead bodies had been removed from sight. Only two of the wounded are still in the village, and the local employes of the road were deaf and dumb to all seekers after information. The only person about willing to tell the details of the horror was Dr. McKee, who responded to a call to go to the scene of the wreck, three miles from his residence. Dr. McKee rendered noble service. He had scant time to give his experience in detail, but stated that to the best of his knowledge it would not be over-stating the facts to say that the collision had cost the lives of fully thirty people. It was shortly after 1 o'clock this morning when he reached the wreck and he immediately began to give his services to the wounded.

Those who were badly hurt when the crash came, he says, must have had little chance for their lives, so quickly had the cars taken fire and so thorough was the work of the flames. As an illustration of the destruction and difficulty of arriving at a correct idea of its magnitude, the doctor said that probably not a soul would have been made aware of the all but total wiping-out of the Miller family of six had not their boy been saved. Doctor McKee stated that only nine bodies had been recovered, and they were so badly charred as to be almost beyond recognition, the most left of any of them being blackened trunks and in some cases little beyond few handfuls of ashes.

The nine were as follows: The Miller family, father, mother, two brothers and a girl—their 14-year-old boy Herman will probably die also; Dr. Parry, of North Judson, Ind., his wife and daughter, aged 11 years, and a young Irish lady.

Superintendent Parsons, of the Chicago and Atlantic, was seen late in the afternoon gloomily pacing the station platform. He was very sure that no more bodies could be found under the wreck. Only nine persons had been killed. He declared not more than eleven or twelve were hurt and none of the latter seriously. He admitted that no flagman had been sent back from the passenger train when the stop was made.

Susquehanna County's Centennial.

SUSQUEHANNA, October 10.—The ceremonies attending the opening of the three days' centennial celebration of the settlement of Susquehanna county took place at Hallstead this afternoon. Mrs. Chase of Hallstead, delivered a formal opening address. There was a grand discharge of cannon, and the centennial museum of antiquities was declared open. The display of relics and heirlooms fills a large building The town is gaily decorated with flags and evergreens and triumphal arches have been erected on the streets. The log cabin erected by Ozias Strong in 1787 is being got in readiness for Governor Beaver and staff, who will review the grand parade of civic societies and afterwards dine with several hundred settlers, who have resided in the county forty years. Tuesday addresses will be delivered by J. Bruce McCollum, presiding judge of the district; Martin Foran, of Ohio, and others, and on Wednesday Gov. Beaver, Galusha A. Grow and Chief Justice Williams will deliver addresses. The ceremonies will close with a grand illumination of Mount Monestomes and a sham naval battle on the Susquehanna river.

Noise at Minneapolis.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., October 11.—The presidential train arrived here on schedule time and the distinguished tourists received another noisy welcome. The streets are filled with throngs of people, anxious to do honor to their chief executive and gratify a pardonable curiosity.

The presidential party were met at the station and escorted by Mayor Ames, Commander-in-Chief John P. Rea, of the Grand Army of Republic, and other prominent citizens, to the West hotel. After lunch the party were taken for a drive. Upon their return the president addressed the multitude from the balcony of the hotel. Immediately after the speech the party proceeded at once to the exposition escorted by military companies. They went directly to the stand where the president was introduced to the throng and made a brief speech. At 8 o'clock this evening the honored guests were escorted to the depot by the military and took their train.

Garrett Didn't Attend.

BALTIMORE, October 11.—The finance committee of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad company held a meeting to-day preliminary to the regular monthly meeting of the directors to-morrow. Robert Garrett was not present. After the conference had ended a director on the part of the city said that Garrett's absence was due to the unpleasant relations now existing between him and President pro tem Burns.

"Garrett will never forgive Burns," continued the director, "for signing away the telegraph. Bob claims that he could have obtained $1,000,000 more for the telegraph than was paid for it. If it lay in his power Garrett would break off the deal and snatch the telegraph back from Gould's clutches, but it is too late now."

With regard to the probable sale of the parlor car system the director says he is opposed to parting with it. At the meeting of directors to-morrow he proposes to introduce a resolution looking to the reduction of operating expenses in the department, and for the retention of the system. He thinks it a mistake to get rid of the express. This director also believes that a semi-annual dividend of four per cent. will be declared to-morrow, the earnings of the road, he claims, warranting it.

Briefs.

GALVESTON, Tex., October 7.—The News publishes returns from sixty-one counties in Texas on the condition of the cotton crop. It says editorially: "The outlook is by no means favorable. A month ago the prospects of the Texas cotton crop were very flattering for a fine yield, but these flattering prospects have been rudely reversed within the past month."

FORT SMITH, Ark., October 7.—Silas Hampton and Seaborn Green were hung to-day in the United States jail yard for murder. Both men faced their fate with great coolness and died game. Their necks were broken by the fall. Both confessed their crimes and died penitent.

TOLEDO, October 7.—A startling instance of human depravity has just come to light in this city. A house, located in a block bounded by Michigan, Ontario, Locust and Lagrange streets, was vacated and a new tenant moved into the dwelling. A cistern located above ground, and facing an alley, was noticed to emit a horrible odor. An investigation revealed the bodies of thirteen infants. The house was formerly occupied by a mid-wife, who was at once arrested. An investigation will follow.

BROOK HAVEN, Miss., October 9.—The excitement over the alleged negro insurrection near the Lawrence and Pike county line mentioned a few days ago, has about subsided. The latest trustworthy information from there states that the whites arrested and whipped a number of the negro leaders and ordered them to leave the county and state immediately. No other violation is reported and all is again quiet.

NEW YORK, October 7.—A muskrat dug a hole in the bank of the canal about a mile above Nashua, N. H., yesterday, and caused a disastrous flood. The torrent swept into the woods, carrying trees and all the waste around to the Nashua river behind. The river rapidly rose, and was covered by the yellow foam for a mile below. The mills immediately shut down and there is no telling when they will resume work, as the damage will take weeks to repair. The flood has thrown 3,000 employes out of work for an indefinite time.

NEWARK, N. J., October 11.—Haines, democrat, is re-elected mayor by about 2,000 majority. The republicans retain control of common council.

ALFRED CENTRE, N. Y., October 11.—At to-day's village election, the first under the new incorporation, ten women cast votes and the election officers received them, declaring that the legal opinions gathered and published by counsel for the womans' suffrage party had convinced them of the legal right of women to vote.

Physicians say that there is no remedy for consumption. In some cases this may be correct. We know however of many cures made by Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup, and we will guarantee relief.

A sensible woman will not fail to keep a bottle of Salvation Oil on hand for men's cuts and bruises.

ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS.

—The advisory committee of the Pennsylvania railroad voluntary relief fund has decided to recommend that an employe reaching the age of 65 years, after twenty years of continuous satisfactory service, may, at the discretion of the superintendent of his division, and on certificate of disability, withdraw from active service and receive the wages paid prior to his withdrawal. It is proposed that the company shall guarantee the payments on account of the superannuated list until the relief fund shall be able to carry the list without aid.

TARRANT'S SELTZER APERIENT

INVALUABLE for LADIES and CHILDREN.

You'll find it good to regulate
The organs of both small and great;
It checks *Sick Headache*, and the woe
That sad *Dyspeptics* ever know,
In TARRANT'S SELTZER people find,
A remedy and treat combined.

Mill Hall's New Band.

A band has been organized at Mill Hall with the following officials: President, T. J. Hickoff; Vice President, John Murray; Secretary, Alfred Rosser; Treasurer, T. R. Mann. The names of the members are T. J. Hickoff, Ed. Flynn, H. H. Irvin, E. Bartholomew, John Crispin, O. H. Rosser, Alf. Rosser, William Winner, John Murray, John Mackey, J. H. Brower, H. Switzer, C. B. Kessinger, Martin Allen, William Allen, William Harris, and Grant Crispin.

—Tramps have been more numerous in Bellefonte the past few days than for several months previous. Monday two of them were together on Curtin street, entering the houses and considerably frightening the inmates. Query—Do the police ever go out on Curtin street and other suburban parts of the borough? Should not all parts of the borough be visited by these preservers of the peace at least once in 24 hours?

Many a babe is hurried out of the world by powerful opiates. Mothers, use Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup, the safest and best baby medicine in the world.

Many diseases arise from vitiated or impure blood, therefore keep the system healthy and proof against the inroads of disease by using Laxador.

Bellefonte Markets.

BELLEFONTE, October 12, 1887.

Red Wheat, old, per bushel	$ 85
Mixed Wheat, old	80
Buckwheat, new, per bushel	40
Rye per bushel	50
Corn (shelled)	50
Corn (ears)	40
Oats	30
Cloverseed, fair to good	$4.50
do prime and extra prime	4.75
do choice	5.00
Flour, retail, per barrel	5.20
Flour, wholesale	4.50
Hay, choice timothy, per ton	$8.00—$10.00
Nova Scotia Plaster	$8.50

Provision Markets.

[Corrected weekly by A. C. Moyer & Bro.]

Apples, dried, per pound	5
Cherries dried, per pound, seeded	10
Dried Currants, per pound	10
New Raisins, per pound	10
Beans, per quart	10
Fresh Butter, per pound	20
Cheese, per pound	18
Country Hams, per pound	12
Hams, sugar cured	16
Shoulders	10
Breakfast Bacon	12½
Country Bacon	8
Lard, per pound	10
Eggs, per dozen	20
New Potatoes, per bushel	75
Dried Beef	20
Canned Beef, 2 pound can	25
Country Side, per pound	8
Canned Tomatoes, per can	12½—15
Canned Corn, per can	10—12½
Lemons, per dozen	35
Dried Sweet Corn, per pound	10
Apple Butter, per gallon	50
Roller Flour, per sack	$1.25—$1.30—$1.35
Apples, per bushel	40

Republican County Committee.

The following named gentlemen constitute the Republican Executive Committee of Centre county for the year 1887:

WILBUR F. REEDER, *Chairman*, Bellefonte.
C. P. HEWES, JOHN M. DALE, WM. E. GRAY, } *Secretaries.*

District.	*Name.*	*Address.*
Bellefonte, N W.,	W. L. Malin	Bellefonte
do S W.,	J A Feidler,	do
do W W.,	Clement Dale,	do
Milesburg boro...	Oscar E Miles	Milesburg
Millheim	Jerome Speiglemeyer	Millheim
Centre Hall	James C Boal	Centre Hall
Howard bor	Hiram Lucas	Howard
Philipsburg, 1st W.,	S S Crissman	Philipsburg
do 2d W.,	T W Thompson	do
do 3d W.,	G W Lichtenthaler	do
Unionville boro...	Benjamin Rich	Fleming
Benner twp.,	Jos. W. Marshall	Bellefonte
Boggs, W P	Jacob A Crider	Milesburg
do E P	J M Parker	Roland
do N P	Jacob Yarnall	Yarnall
Burnside,	D M Stewart	Moshannon
College	Dr Theo S Christ	Lemont
Curtin	John A Daley	Howard
Ferguson, O P	Cyrus Goss	Pine Grove Mills
do N P	H C Campbell	Pine Grove Mills
Gregg, N P	Isaac Smith	Farmers Mills
do S P	Wm M Allison	Spring Mills
Haines, W P	James P Coburn	Aaronsburg
do E P	Thos Hosterman Jr	Woodward
Halfmoon	George W Fisher	Loveville
Harris	Wm McFarlane	Boalsburg
Howard	D W Schneck	Howard
Huston	Filmore Craig	Julian Furnace
Liberty	Thompson A Snyder	Blanchard
Marion	S H Bennison	Walker
Miles	Dr J W Bright	Rebersburg
Patton	Wm E Furst	Buffalo Run
Penn	O W VanValin	Coburn
Potter, N P	Geo M Boal	Centre Hall
do S P	Wm J Thompson	Potters Mills
Rush, N P	David Kinsate	Philipsburg
" S P	A C Moyer	Sandy Ridge
Snow Shoe, E P	George Shirer	Snow Shoe
" W P	J H Brown	Moshannon
Spring	M T Riddle	Pleasant Gap
Taylor	John Weaver	Hannah Po
Union	B W Shipley	Fleming
Walker	Christ Swartz	Hublersburg
Worth	S S Miles	Port Matilda

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall St., N. Y. 19 29 1y

Brevities.

—A meeting of the creditors of the assigned firms of Robert Hare Powel & Co., and Robert Hare Powel's Sons & Co., has been called for Thursday, October 20, at 419 Walnut street, Philadelphia. The firms have issued a circular in regard to this meeting.

An exchange says: Don't use a rubber stamp on your letter heads; this is a dead give away on your business, on your town and on the newspapers published in it. Get your letter heads, envelopes, business cards, etc., printed at your home printing offices.

—On Monday a monument was dedicated in Bethlehem to the memory of the soldiers and sailors. Almost every county in the State has a monument of this kind. They are exceedingly appropriate. Centre county, which is the home of so many soldiers, should have a monument.

—Prof. J. Milton Furey desires us to state that he will meet the pupils of his night school at the stone school house this (Thursday) evening. The room in which they will meet is on the second floor on the side next the Episcopal church. The school will begin next Tuesday evening, the 18th.

—There are many people who would have the present moderate weather prolonged during the entire year. A few, perhaps, because the winters are too cold for them; but the great majority because the cost of living is so much greater in Winter than in Summer, and they cannot afford additional expense.

—Mr. Cruikshank and Miss Kintzing were wedded on Wednesday in Lock Haven. The wedding is fairly dividing the interest of the people with the Coryell-Meyer wedding Tuesday evening. Miss Mary Quay and Mr. Quay, daughter and son respectively of U. S. Senator Quay, are in Lock Haven to attend the wedding this evening.

—There is a glut in the potato market at Reading, Pa., and one dealer has sixteen car loads side tracked near that city awaiting orders. Several weeks ago reports of a short crop came from the West. In the East the crop was large and in less than ten days 1000 car loads were shipped west. Suddenly the bottom dropped out of the market and potatoes fell twenty cents a bushel in price.

Unionville Items.

By the transfer of the leafy robe from the trees to the ground, we are daily reminded that the season of decay has again returned, when Mother Earth will reclaim her own.

Business in this place is moving along in the usual quiet way. The new houses which have been under contract are being plastered by Finch & Van Valin.

W. C. Van Valin, the dentist, has not sufficiently recovered from his affliction caused some time ago by the spraining of his ankle to leave home to attend to the wants of his customers, but he hopes to soon be able to call on them.

Mrs. Hiram Patterson is about making a public sale of household furniture with a view of moving to Johnstown, where her husband is employed.

J. C. Peters, on Dick's Run, has billed a sale of farm stock, implements, etc., to take place, soon after which we presume his son (who was recently married) will take charge of the farm, and he retire to Unionville to reside.

Samuel Brugger and party have returned home, having completed the survey for a railroad from Clearfield town to DuBois.

Our summer visitors have nearly all departed to their respective homes.

Wm. P, Fisher, Jr., has gone to a law school in New York City,

The railroad company are to be commended for their conclusion to fence the B. E. V. railroad, and thus save the loss of much valuable live stock. The wire is being delivered at the different stations for that purpose and parties are requested to make bids for the furnishing of posts. J.

Social Event.

Miss Mary Blanchard Mayer, daughter of President Judge C. A. Mayer, was married on Tuesday evening in Lock Haven, James B. Coryell, Esq., District Attorney of Lycoming county. The ceremony occurred in the Presbyterian church before a fashionable audience. At 9 o'clock a reception began at the home of the bride. The presents received were numerous, rich and costly. One gift from the members of the Clinton county bar deserves special mention. In was an onyx and brass cabinet with sevres ornaments, beautiful in design and elaborate in workmanship.

—The entertainment, consisting of war scenes of the Rebellion, to be given in Humes' Hall on Saturday evening, will be a notably excellent one. It receives the highest commendation of the press. The Providence *Journal* says that when the exhibition was given in that city many of the views aroused enthusiastic recognition, and the old soldiers in the audience were carried back to their own days "at the front" and to the actual scenes which these views called up so realistically.

—Mr. James Conroy, the superintendent at the glass works, informs us that the manufacture of glass is progressing very satisfactory. He expected on Tuesday, a very desirable addition to the force of workmen in the person of an expert master teaser, who was on his way here from New Jersey. Mr. Conroy is confident that the best results can be accomplished at the glass works and is determined to bring the grade of work to the very highest standard.

—The arrest of a man believed to be the murderer of Policeman Johnson of Philadelphia was made in Lock Haven on Monday morning. The *Democrat* of Monday says: A dispatch was received here this morning from Williamsport by Chief of Police Westbrook, to arrest a couple of tramps who were on their way to this city on a freight train. The chief and Officer Kane immediately proceeded to the lower freight yard, where on the arrival of the designated train they caught the tourists, and they are now occupants of the county jail. One of them is believed to be the fellow who murdered Policeman Johnson, of Philadelphia. He is said to answer the description exactly.

—A reunion of the survivors of the Eleventh regiment, Pennsylvania volunteers, was held at Greensburg on Friday last. The object of the meeting being the completion of the organization, the following officers were elected: President, Captain H. B. Piper, Tyrone, was elected by acclamation; vice presidents, Dr. J. W. Anawalt and Freeman C. Gay, of Greensburg, and Captain John Brenneman, of Stewartsville, were elected by acclamation; H. Byers Kuhns, Esq., of Greensburg, was unanimously elected secretary. An executive committee, consisting of General R. Coulter, Captain H. B. Piper, Captain J. J. Bierer, Dr. J. W. Anawalt and J. W. Robinson, were appointed.

—A preliminary meeting to organize a command in Chicago of the Society of Veterans of the Regular Army and Navy was held on Saturday night in Grand Army Hall of that city and a permanent organization may be effected soon. The association, besides benevolent features similar to the Grand Army of the Republic, intends, by organized effort, to obtain such laws as will secure to each honorably discharged soldier or sailor of the egular service, or his heirs, a warrant for 160 acres of land, to equalize the bounty laws so that the regular soldier or sailor receives his just dues in this respect.

—Rev. Mr. Oliver, of Lewistown, Pa., is the minister who filled the Presbyterian pulpit on Sunday. He is a large gentleman and looks well in the pulpit. His morning sermon was delivered entirely without notes. In the evening he used a few notes for reference. Both discourses created a favorable impression The reverend gentleman has relatives in this county and will remain here a few days.

—As was expected, both entertainments given on Saturday by the Uncle Tom's Cabin troupe attracted large audiences. The performance was considered genuinely enjoyable. Stetson's company is certainly an excellent one and in the hands of such capable exponents of dramatic art this historic and heart-touching composition can never become tiresome or uninteresting.

THE serious poisoning of two young women in Springfield, Ohio, by the use of a face powder again shows the danger that attends the beautifying stuff thrown upon the market by conscienceless quacks. The active drug of these complexion nostrums is generally arsenic in some form, and a distinguished physician of New York recently declared that any compound which contains enough arsenic to be effective must be poisonous. But the victims will be multiplied, while the more sensible women will prefer the slow and sure plan of beautifying, careful diet and rational out-door exercise.

ATTENTION is called to the fact that since the President began to swing around the circle he has made no allusion to the rebellion and the preservation of the Republic. Few men, from day to day addressing assemblages of American citizens, would find it possible not to refer to the great subject as the one first in the minds of the people whenever any reference is made to the country's growth and prosperity. It is a noteworthy fact that President Cleveland possesses the ability to be silent about the rebellion and the saving of the Union to an unequaled extent.

PERHAPS ten millions of people use anthracite coal exclusively, as a fuel, yet one hundred mine owners in Pennsylvania have without cause or justification raised the price of this most essential article from fifteen to twenty-five cents per ton. The worst of it all is, that these amny millions of people are completely at the mercy of these few coal barons, who control the coal trade just as they wish. Everybody talks about it, but no one knows what to do about it.

IT is already said that in case the New York Court of Appeals decide against Sharp—as it unquestionably will—his lawyers will carry the case to the Supreme Court of the United States, which will secure two years for the great criminal. Sharp means to make his "stolen millions" Judge Barrett said he had in his pockets serve him well.

Interesting Facts about Washington

A regular correspondent, under date October 11, says: There is a strong probability that the President on his return will call an extra session of Congress. His trip to the great west has given him enlarged ideas of the grandeur and magnitude of the country over which he providentially presides. If he had taken that trip years ago, he would have been a wiser man, and the country would have been saved a vast amount of financial trouble and anxiety. There is time yet for him to atone for the neglect of his education of earlier years, and if he returns with the thought that the Presidency of a great Nation means something more than mere political chicanery, the time and expense of his trip will be of small account.

The evidence is thoroughly conclusive that the President had his speeches prepared in advance, printed at the Government Printing Office, and took them away in sheets ready to be discharged at the various cities he intended to visit. The proof is abundant and Mr. Cleveland must face it.

The Government Printing Office is the regular bee hive of Washington. It is the largest printing establishment in the world—being 300 feet long, 180 feet wide, and 4 stories high. All the public documents are printed here, and all the modern inventions to facilitate rapid work, are here in use. There are about 2,300 employed in the building, and the volumes issued each year reach thousands of tons in weight and millions of copies. It is a great treat to visit the establishment.

At the National Observatory they have a wonderful instrument known as the "Great Equatorial Telescope," which weighs 150,000 pounds. A sight through that, some clear moonlight evening, is worth a trip to Washington. Truly "the Heavens declare the glory of God, and the firmament sheweth his handiwork." The observatory is under the direction of the Navy Department, and ranks with the foremost in the world. Its library is very large and choice, and is a great resort for the thoughtful and studious.

Some of the foreign diplomats at Washington are exceedingly well paid by their respective Governments, some being double and treble what we pay our Ministers. The British Minister gets $30,000 a year, and is allowed $20,000 a year for entertaining; the German Minister gets $20,000, the Japanese $30,000, the Chinese $50,000, and is allowed $11,000 for house rent. The Turkish $20,000, Russian $30,000, and French $20,000. The Chinese Minister is said to be worth $3,000,000, and is regarded as the ablest and shrewdest of all the foreign diplomats,

There are about 15,000 clerks employed in the departments at Washington, about 4,000 of this number being females, the great majority of whom are finely educated and most estimable ladies. Many of them are the widows and daughters of noted Generals, ex-Congressmen, ex-Cabinet Ministers, etc., and many of them marry noted men. There is, no doubt, quite a number of very questionable characters in this vast aggregate, but the majority of the lady clerks will rank with the best women of the land.

The dead-letter office reveals some interesting facts that should cause us to be a little more careful in our correspondence During the past year 4,800,000 letters were received there, making an average of 15,000 for every working day. Nearly four million of these letters were never called for at the post offices to which they were directed, and 112,000 of them were sent to hotels and reached there after the guests for whom they were intended, had left. A great many of the letters were misdirected. Fully 1,000 of this kiud came to the office every day, Many of the letters contain money and last year there was 33,000 in cash among them and more than 1,500,000 drafts and money orders. 84,000 letters contained postage stamps 33,000 photographs, and 25,000 articles of merchandise.

THEY say that the Chinese government has "gone back" on its contract with Wharton Barker to permit him to run the telephone and railroad business of that country. This reminds us of the fact that American citizens—especially of the Dennis Kearney order—have, on one or two occasions, gone back on the Chinese government. But will it pay the Chinese to retaliate? If they give Mr. Barker a free swing in their country he will benefit them immensely.

A COLLECTION will be taken up in all Catholic churches for the Pope of Rome, on Sunday, October 16, in honor of the forthcoming jubilee of the Holy Father.

So crowded are the insane asylums of the State that people will either have to stop going crazy or more asylums will have to be provided.

ISN'T it deplorable that Mr. Griest is the only man in Centre county who can run the finances of the county.

A Home-made Weather Bureau.

If one could read the signs each day foretells the next; to-day is the progenitor of to-morrow. When the atmosphere is telescopic and distant objects stand out unusually clear and distinct, a storm is near. We are on the crest of the wave, and the depression follows quick. It sometimes happens that clouds are not so indicative of a storm as their total absence. In this state of the atmosphere the stars are unusually numerous and bright at night, which is also a bad omen. It appears that the transparency of the air is prodigiously increased when a certain quantity of water is uniformly diffused through it. Mountaineers predict a change of weather when, the air being calm, the Alps covered with perpetual snow seem on a sudden to be nearer the observer, and the outlines were marked with great distinctness on their azure sky. This same condition of the atmosphere renders distant sounds more audible.

There is one redness of the east in the morning that means storm; another that indicates wind. The first is broad, deep angry; the clouds look like an immense bed of burning coals; the second is soft and more vapory. At the point where the sun is going to rise, and a few minutes in advance of his coming, there rises straight upward a rosy column, like a shaft of dyed vapor, blending with and yet partly separated from the clouds, and the base of which presently comes to glow like the sun himself. The day that follows is pretty sure to be windy.

It is uncertain to what extent birds and animals can foretell weather. When swallows are seen hawking very high it is a good indication, because the insects upon which they feed venture up there only in the most auspicious weather.

Pres't Dr. Harvey L. Byrd on Wine.

President of the Baltimore Medical College has used Speer's Port Grape Wine very extensively in his practice and has written the following letter:

BALTIMORE, Md., April 17th.

I have prescribed Speer's Port Grape Wine with marked and decidedly beneficial effects in cases requiring a gently stimulating tonic, believing it entirely free from adulteration of any kind, have no hesitation in recommending it to the profession and the public generally, as entitled to full confidence for both professional and family purposes.

This statement is predicated upon the ascertained value of this production, and not from general reputation merely.

HARVEY L. BYRD, M. D.

President and Professor of Obstetrics and diseases of Women and Children, Baltimore Medical College.

"When a young girl tells a young man that he is "an impudent, saucy thing and just too horrid for any use," he ought to feel depressed, but he generally doesn't If men always took women at their word what an unhappy world this would be for them. [P. S.—You can make that "them" either masculine or feminine as you please.

"Scarlet Fever"

Having appeared in our village Darbys Prophylactic Fluid was used for disinfecting the College buildings. The disease never went beyond a single case, either in the College or elsewhere, where the Fluid was used.—REV. PRES. G. F. PRICE, Auburn, Ala.

Darbys Fluid dispels all forms of epidemic diseases by destroying the spores or germ poison that cause contagion.

Another editor just married publishes editorially. "We are living at this moment under absolute despotism." We pity him.

Do you suffer with catarrh? You can be cured if you take Hood's Sarsaparilla, the great blood purifier. Sold by all druggists.

MURDERER MCCABE, of Wayne County, has had his fifth respite. The score between him and Jake Sharpe stands even.

CLEVELAND was so very busy last week that he could not find time to attend church on Sunday.

Medical.

Home Evidence

No other preparation has won success at home equal to Hood's Sarsaparilla. In Lowell, Mass., where it is made, it is now, as it has been for years, the leading medicine for purifying the blood, and toning and strengthening the system. This "good name at home" is "a tower of strength abroad."

People of Lowell

It would require a volume to print all Lowell people have said in favor of Hood's Sarsaparilla. Mr. Albert Estes, living at 28 East Pine Street, Lowell, for 15 years employed as boss carpenter by J. W. Bennett, president of the Erie Telephone Company, had a large running sore come on his leg, which troubled him a year, when he began to take Hood's Sarsaparilla. The sore soon grew less in size, and in a short time disappeared.

Praise Hood's Sarsaparilla

Jos. Dunphy, 214 Central Street, Lowell, had swellings and lumps on his face and neck, which Hood's Sarsaparilla completely cured.

Mrs. C. W. Marriott, wife of the First Assistant Fire Engineer of Lowell, says that for 16 years she was troubled with stomach disorder and sick headache, which nothing relieved. The attacks came on every fortnight, when she was obliged to take her bed, and was unable to endure any noise. She took Hood's Sarsaparilla, and after a time the attacks ceased entirely.

Many more might be given had we room. On the recommendation of people of Lowell, who know us, we ask you to try

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

New Advertisements.

A RARE COMBINATION

THE

REPUBLICAN

AND THE

WEEKLY PRESS

OF PHILADELPHIA,

THE LEADING FAMILY PAPER OF AMERICA,

FOR ONLY $2.00.

THE WEEKLY PRESS is a Republican eight-page newspaper containing a complete digest of all the news of the week—a full report of all the leading markets of the country—the best farm department of any general newspaper—special departments for women and young people—a good original story in each number. In fact THE WEEKLY PRESS is a complete newspaper.

THE REPUBLICAN

Contains all the home and local news, and all other items of special interest to the people of Centre county. Taken together, these two papers furnish the complete necessary general reading matter essential to every family in Centre county.

They will be sent to any address for **$2.00** *in advance*, postage free, which is practically the price of one paper.

No such offer has ever heretofore been made and we are confident beyond successful competition in this country. Old subscribers desiring to take advantage of this offer, who may have already paid in advance, can do so by accepting our terms and their subscription will be credited a year in advance of the present payment.

This liberal offer is open alike to all. Sample copies of the WEEKLY PRESS will be sent free on application. Address:

REPUBLICAN,
Bellefonte, Pa.

The Leaders in Oregon.

T. K. Bolton, Druggist, Ashland, Oregon, writes as follows in regard to the Gilmore Remedies:—"I am very much pleased with your remedies. They give fine satisfaction. The Magnetic Elixir is one of my leaders; the Aromatic Wine is a very excellent article; and the Pile specific and Neuralgia Cure are all you claim for them." Among the hundreds of remedies for affections of the throat and lungs there is none to equal Gilmore's Magnetic Elixir. In all cases of coughs, colds, hoarseness, bronchitis, asthma, etc., it affords instant and gratifying relief.

Miss E. S. Snyder, firm of Snyder Sisters, has returned from New York and Philadelphia with the largest and finest line of millinery ever brought to Bellefonte. General opening days, Oct. 7 and 8. All are invited to call.

19 40 4t SNYDER SISTERS.

Fall and Winter Season—1887-'88. All our new *Woolens* now on sale.

MONTGOMERY & CO., Tailors.

ELECTION PROCLAMATION.

GOD SAVE THE COMMONWEALTH.

I, J. Miles Walker, High Sheriff of the county of Centre, Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, do hereby make known and give notice to the electors of the county aforesaid that an election will be held in the said county of Centre, on

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 8, 1887,

for the purpose of electing one person for Supreme Judge.

One person for State Treasurer
One person for Associate Judge
One person for Treasurer for the county of Centre
One person for Sheriff for the county of Centre
One person for Register for the county of Centre
One person for Recorder for the county of Centre
Two persons for Commissioners for the county of Centre
Two persons for Auditors for the county of Centre

I also make known and give notice that the places of holding the aforesaid election in the several Boroughs and Townships within the county of Centre are as follows, to-wit:

For the township of Haines (eastern precinct) at the public school house at Woodward
For the township of Haines (western precinct) at the public house of Andrew Immel, Aaronsburg
For the township of Gregg (northern precinct) at Murray's school house
For the township of Gregg (southern precint) at the public house owned by J B Fisher, at Penn Hall
For the borough of Centre Hall at the public school house in said borough
For the township of Half Moon, at the school house in Stormstown
For the township of Taylor, at the house erected for that purpose on the property of Leonard Merryman
For the township of Miles, in the school house in the town of Rebersburg
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For the township of Patton, at the house of Peter Murray
For the borough of Bellefonte and the townships of Spring and Benner, at the Court House in Bellefonte
For the township of Walker, in the school house at Hublersburg
For the township of Howard, at the school house in said borough
For the borough of Howard, at the public school house in said borough
For the township of Rush (northern precinct) in the public house at Cole Stream
For the township of Rush (southern precinct) in the public school house in the village of Powelton
For the township of Snow Shoe (eastern precinct) at the public school house in the village of Snow Shoe
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For the township of Penn, at the public house kept by Joseph Kleckner, at Coburn
For the borough of Millheim, at the school house opposite the Evangelical Church, in said borough
For the township of Liberty, at the school house in Eagleville.
For the township of Worth, at the school house in Port Matilda
For the township of Burnside, at the house of J B Boak
For the township of Curtin, at the school house near Robert Mann's
For the borough of Unionville and the township of Union, at the new school house in Unionville
For the First and Second wards of the borough of Philipsburg, at the large public school house
For the Third ward of the borough of Philipsburg, at the small public school house.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, "That every person executing the office of justice of the peace, who shall hold any office or appointment of profit or trust under the government of the United States, or of this State, or of any city or incorporated district, whether a commissioned officer or otherwise, subordinate office or agent, who is or shall be employed under the Legislative, Executive or Judiciary departments of this State, or of the United States, or of any city or incorporated district; and also that any member of Congress or State Legislature, and of the select or common council of any city, or commissioners of any incorporated district, are by law incapable of holding or exercising, at the same time, the office or appointment for Judge, Inspector or Clerk of an election of this Commonwealth; and that no Inspector, Judge or any other officer of any such election shall be eligible to any office to be then voted for."

At all elections held under the laws of the Commonwealth, the polls shall be opened at 7 o'clock a. m. and closed at 7 o'clock p. m.

TICKETS TO BE VOTED.

The qualified electors will take notice of the following Acts of Assembly, approved the 12th day of March, 1886: "An Act regulating the mode of voting at all elections in the several counties of this Commonwealth."

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That the qualified electors of the several counties of this Commonwealth, at all general, township, borough and special elections are hereby authorized and required to vote by tickets, printed or written, severally classified as follows: One ticket shall embrace the names of judges of courts voted for, and to be labelled outside "Judiciary;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all State officers to be voted for, and shall be labelled "State;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all the county officers to be voted for, including the office of Senator and members of the Assembly voted for, and labeled "County," one ticket shall embrace the names of all township officers voted for, and be labeled "Township;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all borough officers voted for, and shall be labeled "Borough," and each class shall be deposited in separate ballot boxes.

Given under my hand and seal, at my office in Bellefonte, this 3d day of October, in the year of our Lord One Thousand Eight Hundred and Eighty-Seven, and in the 111th year of the Independence of the United States.

J. MILES WALKER,
Sheriff of Centre County.

I HEREBY CAUTION ALL PERSONS AGAINST purchasing a certain note for Three hundred and twenty-five dollars, ($325) payable one day after date to the order of Mrs. Bella H. Rollar, and bearing date April 1, 1885, which I refuse to pay, not having received value for the same.

WILLIAM F. THOMPSON,
Fillmore, July 11, 1887. 19 28 3m

STRAYED.—Came upon the premises of the subscriber in Union township, Centre Co., Pa., on or about August 20, 1887, four head of young cattle—three being yearlings and one a two year old. The owner or owners are hereby notified to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take the animals away or they will be disposed of according to law. D. P. SHIREY.
Fleming, Sept. 14, 1887. 19 47 4t

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Letters testamentary on the estate of Sarah Loy, deceased, late of Burnside township, having been granted to the undersigned, he requests all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement. W. S. LOY,
19 38 6t Executor.

STRAYED.—Came upon the premises of the subscriber—on farm of J. H. Long—in Marion township, on or about the first of July, 1887, a black heifer without marks, about 2½ years old. The owner is hereby notified to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take the animal away, or it will be disposed of according to law.

JOEL KLING.
Walker, Sept. 21, 1887. 19 38 3t.

Pennsylvania Agricultural Works.

Steam Engines, Saw Mills, Hay Presses, Stump Pullers and Standard Agricultural Implements generally. Send for Catalogue.

19 37 4t A. B. FARQUHAR & SON, York, Pa.

Brevities.

—A meeting of the creditors of the assigned firms of Robert Hare Powel & Co., and Robert Hare Powel's Sons & Co., has been called for Thursday, October 20, at 419 Walnut street, Philadelphia. The firms have issued a circular in regard to this meeting.

An exchange says: Don't use a rubber stamp on your letter heads; this is a dead give away on your business, on your town and on the newspapers published in it. Get your letter heads, envelopes, business cards, etc., printed at your home printing offices.

—On Monday a monument was dedicated in Bethlehem to the memory of the soldiers and sailors. Almost every county in the State has a monument of this kind. They are exceedingly appropriate. Centre county, which is the home of so many soldiers, should have a monument.

—Prof. J. Milton Furey desires us to state that he will meet the pupils of his night school at the stone school house this (Thursday) evening. The room in which they will meet is on the second floor on the side next the Episcopal church. The school will begin next Tuesday evening, the 18th.

—There are many people who would have the present moderate weather prolonged during the entire year. A few, perhaps, because the winters are too cold for them; but the great majority because the cost of living is so much greater in Winter than in Summer, and they cannot afford additional expense.

—Mr. Cruikshank and Miss Kintzing were wedded on Wednesday in Lock Haven. The wedding is fairly dividing the interest of the people with the Coryell-Meyer wedding Tuesday evening. Miss Mary Quay and Mr. Quay, daughter and son respectively of U. S. Senator Quay, are in Lock Haven to attend the wedding this evening.

—There is a glut in the potato market at Reading, Pa., and one dealer has sixteen car loads side tracked near that city awaiting orders. Several weeks ago reports of a short crop came from the West. In the East the crop was large and in less than ten days 1000 car loads were shipped west. Suddenly the bottom dropped out of the market and potatoes fell twenty cents a bushel in price.

Unionville Items.

By the transfer of the leafy robe from the trees to the ground, we are daily reminded that the season of decay has again returned, when Mother Earth will reclaim her own.

Business in this place is moving along in the usual quiet way. The new houses which have been under contract are being plastered by Finch & Van Valin.

W. C. Van Valin, the dentist, has not sufficiently recovered from his affliction caused some time ago by the spraining of his ankle to leave home to attend to the wants of his customers, but he hopes to soon be able to call on them.

Mrs. Hiram Patterson is about making a public sale of household furniture with a view of moving to Johnstown, where her husband is employed.

J. C. Peters, on Dick's Run, has billed a sale of farm stock, implements, etc., to take place, soon after which we presume his son (who was recently married) will take charge of the farm, and he retire to Unionville to reside.

Samuel Brugger and party have returned home, having completed the survey for a railroad from Clearfield town to DuBois.

Our summer visitors have nearly all departed to their respective homes.

Wm. P, Fisher, Jr., has gone to a law school in New York City,

The railroad company are to be commended for their conclusion to fence the B. E. V. railroad, and thus save the loss of much valuable live stock. The wire is being delivered at the different stations for that purpose and parties are requested to make bids for the furnishing of posts. J.

Social Event.

Miss Mary Blanchard Mayer, daughter of President Judge C. A. Mayer, was married on Tuesday evening in Lock Haven, James B. Coryell, Esq., District Attorney of Lycoming county. The ceremony occurred in the Presbyterian church before a fashionable audience. At 9 o'clock a reception began at the home of the bride. The presents received were numerous, rich and costly. One gift from the members of the Clinton county bar deserves special mention. In was an onyx and brass cabinet with sevres ornaments, beautiful in design and elaborate in workmanship.

—The entertainment, consisting of war scenes of the Rebellion, to be given in Humes' Hall on Saturday evening, will be a notably excellent one. It receives the highest commendation of the press. The Providence *Journal* says that when the exhibition was given in that city many of the views aroused enthusiastic recognition, and the old soldiers in the audience were carried back to their own days "at the front" and to the actual scenes which these views called up so realistically.

—Mr. James Conroy, the superintendent at the glass works, informs us that the manufacture of glass is progressing very satisfactory. He expected on Tuesday, a very desirable addition to the force of workmen in the person of an expert master teaser, who was on his way here from New Jersey. Mr. Conroy is confident that the best results can be accomplished at the glass works and is determined to bring the grade of work to the very highest standard.

—The arrest of a man believed to be the murderer of Policeman Johnson of Philadelphia was made in Lock Haven on Monday morning. The *Democrat* of Monday says: A dispatch was received here this morning from Williamsport by Chief of Police Westbrook, to arrest a couple of tramps who were on their way to this city on a freight train. The chief and Officer Kane immediately proceeded to the lower freight yard, where on the arrival of the designated train they caught the tourists, and they are now occupants of the county jail. One of them is believed to be the fellow who murdered Policeman Johnson, of Philadelphia. He is said to answer the description exactly.

—A reunion of the survivors of the Eleventh regiment, Pennsylvania volunteers, was held at Greensburg on Friday last. The object of the meeting being the completion of the organization, the following officers were elected: President, Captain H. B. Piper, Tyrone, was elected by acclamation; vice presidents, Dr. J. W. Anawalt and Freeman C. Gay, of Greensburg, and Captain John Brenneman, of Stewartsville, were elected by acclamation; H. Byers Kuhns, Esq., of Greensburg, was unanimously elected secretary. An executive committee, consisting of General R. Coulter, Captain H. B. Piper, Captain J. J. Bierer, Dr. J. W. Anawalt and J. W. Robinson, were appointed.

—A preliminary meeting to organize a command in Chicago of the Society of Veterans of the Regular Army and Navy was held on Saturday night in Grand Army Hall of that city and a permanent organization may be effected soon. The association, besides benevolent features similar to the Grand Army of the Republic, intends, by organized effort, to obtain such laws as will secure to each honorably discharged soldier or sailor of the egular service, or his heirs, a warrant for 160 acres of land, to equalize the bounty laws so that the regular soldier or sailor receives his just dues in this respect.

—Rev. Mr. Oliver, of Lewistown, Pa., is the minister who filled the Presbyterian pulpit on Sunday. He is a large gentleman and looks well in the pulpit. His morning sermon was delivered entirely without notes. In the evening he used a few notes for reference. Both discourses created a favorable impression The reverend gentleman has relatives in this county and will remain here a few days.

—As was expected, both entertainments given on Saturday by the Uncle Tom's Cabin troupe attracted large audiences. The performance was considered genuinely enjoyable. Stetson's company is certainly an excellent one and in the hands of such capable exponents of dramatic art this historic and heart-touching composition can never become tiresome or uninteresting.

THE serious poisoning of two young women in Springfield, Ohio, by the use of a face powder again shows the danger that attends the beautifying stuff thrown upon the market by conscienceless quacks. The active drug of these complexion nostrums is generally arsenic in some form, and a distinguished physician of New York recently declared that any compound which contains enough arsenic to be effective must be poisonous. But the victims will be multiplied, while the more sensible women will prefer the slow and sure plan of beautifying, careful diet and rational out-door exercise.

ATTENTION is called to the fact that since the President began to swing around the circle he has made no allusion to the rebellion and the preservation of the Republic. Few men, from day to day addressing assemblages of American citizens, would find it possible not to refer to the great subject as the one first in the minds of the people whenever any reference is made to the country's growth and prosperity. It is a noteworthy fact that President Cleveland possesses the ability to be silent about the rebellion and the saving of the Union to an unequaled extent.

PERHAPS ten millions of people use anthracite coal exclusively, as a fuel, yet one hundred mine owners in Pennsylvania have without cause or justification raised the price of this most essential article from fifteen to twenty-five cents per ton. The worst of it all is, that these amny millions of people are completely at the mercy of these few coal barons, who control the coal trade just as they wish. Everybody talks about it, but no one knows what to do about it.

IT is already said that in case the New York Court of Appeals decide against Sharp—as it unquestionably will—his lawyers will carry the case to the Supreme Court of the United States, which will secure two years for the great criminal. Sharp means to make his "stolen millions" Judge Barrett said he had in his pockets serve him well.

Interesting Facts about Washington

A regular correspondent, under date October 11, says: There is a strong probability that the President on his return will call an extra session of Congress. His trip to the great west has given him enlarged ideas of the grandeur and magnitude of the country over which he providentially presides. If he had taken that trip years ago, he would have been a wiser man, and the country would have been saved a vast amount of financial trouble and anxiety. There is time yet for him to atone for the neglect of his education of earlier years, and if he returns with the thought that the Presidency of a great Nation means something more than mere political chicanery, the time and expense of his trip will be of small account.

The evidence is thoroughly conclusive that the President had his speeches prepared in advance, printed at the Government Printing Office, and took them away in sheets ready to be discharged at the various cities he intended to visit. The proof is abundant and Mr. Cleveland must face it.

The Government Printing Office is the regular bee hive of Washington. It is the largest printing establishment in the world—being 300 feet long, 180 feet wide, and 4 stories high. All the public documents are printed here, and all the modern inventions to facilitate rapid work, are here in use. There are about 2,300 employed in the building, and the volumes issued each year reach thousands of tons in weight and millions of copies. It is a great treat to visit the establishment.

At the National Observatory they have a wonderful instrument known as the "Great Equatorial Telescope," which weighs 150,000 pounds. A sight through that, some clear moonlight evening, is worth a trip to Washington. Truly "the Heavens declare the glory of God, and the firmament sheweth his handiwork." The observatory is under the direction of the Navy Department, and ranks with the foremost in the world. Its library is very large and choice, and is a great resort for the thoughtful and studious.

Some of the foreign diplomats at Washington are exceedingly well paid by their respective Governments, some being double and treble what we pay our Ministers. The British Minister gets $30,000 a year, and is allowed $20,000 a year for entertaining; the German Minister gets $20,000, the Japanese $30,000, the Chinese $50,000, and is allowed $11,000 for house rent. The Turkish $20,000, Russian $30,000, and French $20,000. The Chinese Minister is said to be worth $3,000,000, and is regarded as the ablest and shrewdest of all the foreign diplomats,

There are about 15,000 clerks employed in the departments at Washington, about 4,000 of this number being females, the great majority of whom are finely educated and most estimable ladies. Many of them are the widows and daughters of noted Generals, ex-Congressmen, ex-Cabinet Ministers, etc., and many of them marry noted men. There is, no doubt, quite a number of very questionable characters in this vast aggregate, but the majority of the lady clerks will rank with the best women of the land.

The dead-letter office reveals some interesting facts that should cause us to be a little more careful in our correspondence During the past year 4,800,000 letters were received there, making an average of 15,000 for every working day. Nearly four million of these letters were never called for at the post offices to which they were directed, and 112,000 of them were sent to hotels and reached there after the guests for whom they were intended, had left. A great many of the letters were misdirected. Fully 1,000 of this kind came to the office every day, Many of the letters contain money and last year there was 33,000 in cash among them and more than 1,500,000 drafts and money orders. 84,000 letters contained postage stamps 33,000 photographs, and 25,000 articles of merchandise.

THEY say that the Chinese government has "gone back" on its contract with Wharton Barker to permit him to run the telephone and railroad business of that country. This reminds us of the fact that American citizens—especially of the Dennis Kearney order—have, on one or two occasions, gone back on the Chinese government. But will it pay the Chinese to retaliate? If they give Mr. Barker a free swing in their country he will benefit them immensely.

A COLLECTION will be taken up in all Catholic churches for the Pope of Rome, on Sunday, October 16, in honor of the forthcoming jubilee of the Holy Father.

So crowded are the insane asylums of the State that people will either have to stop going crazy or more asylums will have to be provided.

ISN'T it deplorable that Mr. Griest is the only man in Centre county who can run the finances of the county.

A Home-made Weather Bureau.

If one could read the signs each day foretells the next; to-day is the progenitor of to-morrow. When the atmosphere is telescopic and distant objects stand out unusually clear and distinct, a storm is near. We are on the crest of the wave, and the depression follows quick. It sometimes happens that clouds are not so indicative of a storm as their total absence. In this state of the atmosphere the stars are unusually numerous and bright at night, which is also a bad omen. It appears that the transparency of the air is prodigiously increased when a certain quantity of water is uniformily diffused through it. Mountaineers predict a change of weather when, the air being calm, the Alps covered with perpetual snow seem on a sudden to be nearer the observer, and the outlines were marked with great distinctness on their azure sky. This same condition of the atmosphere renders distant sounds more audible.

There is one redness of the east in the morning that means storm; another that indicates wind. The first is broad, deep angry; the clouds look like an immense bed of burning coals; the second is soft and more vapory. At the point where the sun is going to rise, and a few minutes in advance of his coming, there rises staight upward a rosy column, like a shaft of dyed vapor, blending with and yet partly separated from the clouds, and the base of which presently comes to glow like the sun himself. The day that follows is pretty sure to be windy.

It is uncertain to what extent birds and animals can foretell weather. When swallows are seen hawking very high it is a good indication, because the insects upon which they feed venture up there only in the most auspicious weather.

Pres't Dr. Harvey L. Byrd on Wine.

President of the Baltimore Medical College has used Speer's Port Grape Wine very extensively in his practice and has written the following letter:

BALTIMORE, Md., April 17th.

I have prescribed Speer's Port Grape Wine with marked and decidedly beneficial effects in cases requiring a gently stimulating tonic, believing it entirely free from adulteration of any kind, have no hesitation in recommending it to the profession and the public generally, as entitled to full confidence for both professional and family purposes.

This statement is predicated upon the ascertained value of this production, and not from general reputation merely.

HARVEY L. BYRD, M. D.
President and Professor of Obstetrics and diseases of Women and Children, Baltimore Medical College.

"When a young girl tells a young man that he is "an impudent, saucy thing and just too horrid for any use," he ought to feel depressed, but he generally doesn't If men always took women at their word what an unhappy world this would be for them. [P. S.—You can make that "them" either masculine or feminine as you please.

"Scarlet Fever"

Having appeared in our village Darbys Prophylactic Fluid was used for disinfecting the College buildings. The disease never went beyond a single case, either in the College or elsewhere, where the Fluid was used.—REV. PRES. G. F. PRICE, Auburn, Ala.

Darbys Fluid dispels all forms of epidemic diseases by destroying the spores or germ poison that cause contagion.

Another editor just married publishes editorially. "We are living at this moment under absolute despotism." We pity him.

Do you suffer with catarrh? You can be cured if you take Hood's Sarsaparilla, the great blood purifier. Sold by all druggists.

MURDERER MCCABE, of Wayne County, has had his fifth respite. The score between him and Jake Sharpe stands even.

CLEVELAND was so very busy last week that he could not find time to attend church on Sunday.

Medical.

Home Evidence

No other preparation has won success at home equal to Hood's Sarsaparilla. In Lowell, Mass., where it is made, it is now, as it has been for years, the leading medicine for purifying the blood, and toning and strengthening the system. This "good name at home" is "a tower of strength abroad."

People of Lowell

It would require a volume to print all Lowell people have said in favor of Hood's Sarsaparilla. Mr. Albert Estes, living at 28 East Pine Street, Lowell, for 15 years employed as boss carpenter by J. W. Bennett, president of the Erie Telephone Company, had a large running sore come on his leg, which troubled him a year, when he began to take Hood's Sarsaparilla. The sore soon grew less in size, and in a short time disappeared.

Praise Hood's Sarsaparilla

Jos. Dunphy, 214 Central Street, Lowell, had swellings and lumps on his face and neck, which Hood's Sarsaparilla completely cured.

Mrs. C. W. Marriott, wife of the First Assistant Fire Engineer of Lowell, says that for 16 years she was troubled with stomach disorder and sick headache, which nothing relieved. The attacks came on every fortnight, when she was obliged to take her bed, and was unable to endure any noise. She took Hood's Sarsaparilla, and after a time the attacks ceased entirely.

Many more might be given had we room. On the recommendation of people of Lowell, who know us, we ask you to try

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

New Advertisements.

A RARE COMBINATION

THE

REPUBLICAN

AND THE

WEEKLY PRESS

OF PHILADELPHIA,

THE LEADING FAMILY PAPER OF AMERICA,

FOR ONLY $2.00.

THE WEEKLY PRESS is a Republican eight-page newspaper containing a complete digest of all the news of the week—a full report of all the leading markets of the country—the best farm department of any general newspaper—special departments for women and young people—a good original story in each number. In fact THE WEEKLY PRESS is a complete newspaper.

THE REPUBLICAN

Contains all the home and local news, and all other items of special interest to the people of Centre county. Taken together, these two papers furnish the complete necessary general reading matter essential to every family in Centre county.

They will be sent to any address for **$2.00** *in advance*, postage free, which is practically the price of one paper.

No such offer has ever heretofore been made and we are confident beyond successful competition in this country. Old subscribers desiring to take advantage of this offer, who may have already paid in advance, can do so by accepting our terms and their subscription will be credited a year in advance of the present payment.

This liberal offer is open alike to all. Sample copies of the WEEKLY PRESS will be sent free on application. Address:

REPUBLICAN,
Bellefonte, Pa.

The Leaders in Oregon.

T. K. Bolton, Druggist, Ashland, Oregon, writes as follows in regard to the Gilmore Remedies:—"I am very much pleased with your remedies. They give fine satisfaction. The Magnetic Elixir is one of my leaders; the Aromatic Wine is a very excellent article; and the Pile specific and Neuralgia Cure are all you claim for them." Among the hundreds of remedies for affections of the throat and lungs there is none to equal Gilmore's Magnetic Elixir. In all cases of coughs, colds, hoarseness, bronchitis, asthma, etc., it affords instant and gratifying relief.

Miss E. S. Snyder, firm of Snyder Sisters, has returned from New York and Philadelphia with the largest and finest line of millinery ever brought to Bellefonte. General opening days, Oct. 7 and 8. All are invited to call.

19 40 4t SNYDER SISTERS.

Fall and Winter Season—1887-'88. All our new *Woolens* now on sale.
MONTGOMERY & CO., Tailors.

ELECTION PROCLAMATION.

GOD SAVE THE COMMONWEALTH.

I, J. Miles Walker, High Sheriff of the county of Centre, Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, do hereby make known and give notice to the electors of the county aforesaid that an election will be held in the said county of Centre, on

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 8, 1887,

for the purpose of electing one person for Supreme Judge.
One person for State Treasurer
One person for Associate Judge
One person for Treasurer for the county of Centre
One person for Sheriff for the county of Centre
One person for Register for the county of Centre
One person for Recorder for the county of Centre
Two persons for Commissioners for the county of Centre
Two persons for Auditors for the county of Centre

I also make known and give notice that the places of holding the aforesaid election in the several Boroughs and Townships within the county of Centre are as follows, to-wit:

For the township of Haines (eastern precinct) at the public school house at Woodward
For the township of Haines (western precinct) at the public house of Andrew Immel, Aaronsburg
For the township of Gregg (northern precinct) at Murray's school house
For the township of Gregg (southern precint) at the public house owned by J B Fisher, at Penn Hall
For the borough of Centre Hall at the public school house in said borough
For the township of Half Moon, at the school house in Stormstown
For the township of Taylor, at the house erected for that purpose on the property of Leonard Merryman
For the township of Miles, in the school house in the town of Rebersburg
For the township of Potter (northern precinct) at the public house of D J Moyer, in Centre Hall
For the township of Potter (southern precinct) at the house owned by J B Fisher, of Penn Hall, and occupied by Frank Hosterman
For the township of College, at the school house at Lemont
For the township of Ferguson (old precinct) in the school house at Pine Grove
For the township of Ferguson (new precinct) at the school house in Baileyville
For the township of Harris, in the school house at Boalsburg
For the township of Patton, at the house of Peter Murray
For the borough of Bellefonte and the townships of Spring and Benner, at the Court House in Bellefonte
For the township of Walker, in the school house at Hublersburg
For the township of Howard, at the school house in said borough
For the borough of Howard, at the public school house in said borough
For the township of Rush (northern precinct) in the public house at Colyer Stream
For the township of Rush (southern precinct) in the public school house in the village of Powelton
For the township of Snow Shoe (eastern precinct) at the public school house in the village of Snow Shoe
For the township of Snow Shoe (western precinct) at the public school house in the village of Moshannon
For the township of Marion, at the house of Joel King in Jacksonville
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For the township of Huston, at the Silver Dale school house
For the township of Penn at the public house kept by Joseph Kleckner, at Coburn
For the borough of Millheim, at the school house opposite the Evangelical Church, in said borough
For the township of Liberty, at the school house in Eagleville.
For the township of Worth, at the school house in Port Matilda
For the township of Burnside, at the house of J B Boak
For the township of Curtin, at the school house near Robert Mann's
For the borough of Unionville and the township of Union, at the new school house in Unionville
For the First and Second wards of the borough of Philipsburg, at the large public school house
For the Third ward of the borough of Philipsburg, at the small public school house.

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At all elections held under the laws of the Commonwealth, the polls shall be opened at 7 o'clock a. m. and closed at 7 o'clock p. m.

TICKETS TO BE VOTED.

The qualified electors will take notice of the following Acts of Assembly, approved the 12th day of March, 1886: "An Act regulating the mode of voting at all elections in the several counties of this Commonwealth."

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That the qualified electors of the several counties of this Commonwealth, at all general, township, borough and special elections are hereby authorized and required to vote by tickets, printed or written, severally classified as follows: One ticket shall embrace the names of judges of courts voted for, and to be labelled outside "Judiciary;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all State officers to be voted for, and shall be labelled "State;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all the county officers to be voted for, including the office of Senator and members of the Assembly voted for, and labeled "County," one ticket shall embrace the names of all township officers voted for, and be labeled "Township;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all borough officers voted for, and shall be labeled "Borough;" and each class shall be deposited in separate ballot boxes.

Given under my hand and seal, at my office in Bellefonte, this 3d day of October, in the year of our Lord One Thousand Eight Hundred and Eighty-Seven, and in the 111th year of the Independence of the United States.

J. MILES WALKER,
Sheriff of Centre County.

I HEREBY CAUTION ALL PERSONS AGAINST purchasing a certain note for Three hundred and twenty-five dollars, ($325) payable one day after date to the order of Mrs. Bella H. Rollar, and bearing date April 1, 1885, which I refuse to pay, not having received value for the same.

WILLIAM F. THOMPSON.
Fillmore, July 11, 1887. 19 28 3m

STRAYED.—Came upon the premises of the subscriber in Union township Centre Co., Pa., on or about August 20, 1887, four head of young cattle—three being yearlings and one a two year old. The owner or owners are hereby notified to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take the animals away or they will be disposed of according to law. D. P. SHIREY.
Fleming, Sept. 14, 1887. 19 47 4t

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Letters testamentary on the estate of Sarah Loy, deceased, late of Burnside township, having been granted to the undersigned, he requests all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement. W. S. LOY,
19 38 6t Executor.

STRAYED.—Came upon the premises of the subscriber—on farm of J. H. Long—in Marion township, on or about the first of July, 1887, a black heifer without marks, about 2½ years old. The owner is hereby notified to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take the animal away, or it will be disposed of according to law.

JOEL KLING.
Walker, Sept. 21, 1887. 19 38 3t.

Pennsylvania Agricultural Works.

Steam Engines, Saw Mills, Hay Presses, Stump Pullers and Standard Agricultural Implements generally. Send for Catalogue.

19 37 4t A. B. FARQUHAR & SON, York, Pa.

Bellefonte Republican.

By EDWARD T. TUTEN.

Death of an Ex-Governor.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., October 5.—Ex-Governor William B. Washburne, of Greenfield, dropped dead on the platform in City Hall at this morning's session of the board of foreign missions, a little before 10 o'clock. The weather on the second day's meeting of the American board of foreign missions was all that could be desired. Every inch of space in the City Hall was crowded. The platform was enlarged for the occasion, but it was far too small. Reporters filled all the space assigned them, and many had to stand and do their writing.

When after the reading of Secretary Smith's report, the announcment was made of the death of ex-Governor Washburne, which had occurred in the anteroom very suddenly, of apoplexy, during the reading of the report, a hush fell upon the vast audience and the tones of President Barlett's touching prayer sounded as if uttered in a family circle of mourners. The pale form lay upon the lounge all unconscious of the hurried, whispered consultations as to what should be done to satisfy friends and make the other arrangements which the case required.

Meanwhile the work of the great gathering which had called men of weight in social, political and business circles, like the eminent man who had just died, from all parts of the world, from the presence of a thousand important private and public duties, went on in the room close by. All the year in all parts of the world business had been accumulated which demanded and secured the eager attention of the audience. This was as Governor Washburne would have had it, and he would have been among the closest listeners of them all. After the appointment of committees on the report of the home department, on the place and preacher for next meeting, the Rev. Dr. Johnson Smith read a report on the mission of China, Africa and the Pacific Islands. The following is an abstract:

Five of the missions have been established over twelve years and are thoroughly equipped for their varied work; four have been planted but seven years and are just beginning to measure themselves with the almost boundless opportunities that surround them. Several missionaries have died this year. Truth is gaining a foothold in China and the people welcome the missionaries. The number of converts had doubled in ten years and now exceed 30,000. There are 64 laborers in the field, but the force should be twice as large. More than 6,000 persons have received medical treatment in the China mission. Instruction is being given to nearly every one. There are 15 churches with 336 members, 10 per cent having joined this year.

The North China mission has been weak handed, but more have joined the churches than for several past, 107 in a total of 961. The high school at Tung Chow promises to become a school of liberal training in the highest sense. A flourishing Young Men's Christian association is also located there, and the 8 young men who graduated at the theological seminary two years ago are doing good work. The number of pupils in the Bridgman school for girls at Pekin, who are self supporting, is increasing. The medical cases treated at the four stations of the mission amounts to 1,500.

The Shanse mission is gaining strength and large reinforcements are wanted. The same is especially true of the Hong Kong mission where nothing but an adequate force prevents the immediate cultivation of a wide and waiting field. In Africa the Zulu mission is prosperous. The churches report an increase of one hundred and twenty-nine members in a total of 969. The schools are growing, the temperance cause is gaining ground, and the native pastors are increasing. Recruits are greatly needed, however.

The President at Chicago.

CHICAGO, October 5.—Only a half dozen stops were made during the run of the president's train between here and St. Louis and those were at the water stations. The president, who arose early and stood on the back platform, was greeted everywhere by farmers and villagers. The train arrived ten minutes past, 9, vast crowds of people awaiting it and greeting the president with cheers. At Twenty-second street a procession met the party and escorted them to the Auditorium where the president and reception committee took places on the stand. Mayor Roche made the welcoming address and the president responded in a pleasant vein. Mrs. Cleveland stopped at the Palmer house on account of fatigue and took a few hours' of rest.

It was 1.25 when the crowd began to disperse. There was such a jam that the president could not leave the platform for some time. Finally he got away, almost faint with hunger and exertion and was driven to the Palmer house to eat dinner and prepare for the reception.

With one bursting frantic cheer crashing through the great rotunda, fully one hundred thousand people rushed at President Cleveland and his wife at the public reception at the Palmer house this afternoon. In vain did the policemen, clubs in hand, attempt to stem the rush, and even the files of brawny men could not keep back the surging mass of humanity. At the head came a detachment of union veterans bearing aloft the tattered, bullet-ridden battle flag of the Eleventh Kansas volunteers. A striking scene ensued. While the president warmly greeted the old soldiers one after another, the color-bearer stepped forward to Mrs. Cleveland and gently lowering the old flag bade her clip off one of its precious threads as a momento of the day. The wife of the president gracefully complied and while the spectators went wild with enthusiasm, displayed her trophy proudly to the ladies at her side. President Cleveland shook hands with redoubled vigor, and an actual count at this juncture showed his gait to be forty-seven hand-shakes per minute. This rate was kept up without intermission until the time fixed for the reception to end, and not a person in the line was missed. A low estimate of the number who marched past him is 6,000 persons, but they were the fortunate few. Thousands in the corridors and thousands upon thousands in the streets failed even to catch a sight of his face. During the crush fully fifty women fainted and were borne from the throng into neighboring stores.

Simplicity and lack of ostentation were the distinguishing characteristics of the reception to the president and Mrs. Cleveland this evening at the Columbia theatre where only those were admitted who had been invited beforehand by a committee of citizens charged with that duty.

Will be Hanged Anyway.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., October 7.—By a decision of the court of appeals a man declared innocent of crime by his alleged accomplice, in a confession on the scaffold, is sentenced to death.

On the morning of April 21 last, Jennie Overman was murdered in this city. Albert Turner was arrested for the crime confessed and said Bill Patterson was his accomplice. Both men were tried, convicted and sentenced to hand. Turner accepted his sentence, but Patterson maintained his innocence and appealed. The evidence against him was all circumstantial, excepting Turner's confession.

Turner was hanged in the jail yard July 1 last and on the scaffold made another confession, in which he said Patterson was an innocent man and had nothing to do with the crime. Many people believed he lied in the presence of death, while others accepted the more plausible theory that his first confession was a lie.

Patterson's case went to the court of appeals and was decided this morning, the sentence of the lower court being affirmed. The court of appeals could take no cognizance of Turner's confession on the scaffold, but necessarily rendered its decision on the matter before the lower court. The date of Patterson's execution has not been set.

A Mutiny Reported.

MOBILE, Ala., October 5.—The British bark Mary P. Kitchen, Ryan master, from Buenos Ayres, has put into this port with First Mate Baker in irons for trying to throw the captain overboard. The captain states that at midnight on August 30, while off the south coast of Cuba, the mate refused to obey orders. When the captain remonstrated the mate threw him over the side of the vessel and then called to the men of his watch for assistance, as if the captain were his assailant. Just then the steward rushed up and pushing the mate aside, saved the captain's life.

Next morning the mate was placed in confinement. The mate's admissions and what the steward knew of the affair indicate that the mate had the men of his watch with him in the conspiracy to put the captain in irons. There had been no previous trouble with Baker, but his associates say that he had confessed to having aided in taking a captured cutter into Montevideo. When the seamen learned yesterday that the were suspected of complicity in the mate's actions nine of them deserted. The mate demands trial in England and will be confined in the vessel until that country is reached.

Trouble Brewing.

CHICAGO, October 5.—A Times special from Lexington, Ky., says: News was received here last night that more trouble was brewing in Morehead, the scene of recent Tolliver outrages. The report says this morning eighteen men, armed with Winchesters, came from Rodgers' station, on the Columbus & Ohio road, to Morehead. It is said there are or will be 150 men, armed, secreted around the town. These men, it seems, belong to Logan faction, and are gathering because news has been brought that a party of Tolliver's friends intended to come from Elliott county and burn the town.

Boone Logan is in Morehead, and it was he who ordered the assemblage of the men. It is certain that messengers sent to bring in more men got on the train at Morehead to-day, and that Alie W. Young boarded the train at Mount Sterling this morning and went to Morehead. Everybody feels that there is trouble of the very worst sort ahead. Judge De Hazen will hold a special term of court at Morehead some time this month for the trial of Harris, alias Pendulum, for conspiracy to murder Judge Cole and Taylor Young.

Railroads.

BALD EAGLE VALLEY RAILROAD.—Time Table, January 31, 1887.

WESTWARD	Exp A.M	Mail P.M.
Leave Lock Haven	9 00	3 40
Flemington	9 05	3 45
Mill Hall	9 09	3 48
Beech Creek	9 25	4 03
Eagleville f	9 30	4 08
Howard	9 44	4 22
Mount Eagle f	9 54	4 32
Curtin	10 01	4 38
Milesburg	10 12	4 48
Bellefonte	10 25	5 00
Milesburg	10 44	5 10
Snow Shoe Int	10 48	5 14
Unionville	10 58	5 24
Julian	11 09	5 35
Martha	11 19	5 47
Port Matilda	11 27	5 56
Hannah f	11 36	6 05
Fowler f	11 39	6 08
Dix f	11 42	6 11
Bald Eagle	11 48	6 19
Vail	11 53	6 24
Arrive at Tyrone	12 05	6 37
EASTWARD	P.M.	A
Leave Tyrone	7 15	8 10
East Tyrone	7 22	8 17
Vail	7 28	8 20
Bald Eagle	7 34	8 25
Dix f	7 41	8 30
Fowler f	7 46	8 32
Hannah f	7 50	8 36
Port Matilda	8 00	8 48
Martha	8 10	8 51
Julian	8 22	8 59
Unionville	8 26	9 10
Snow Shoe Int	8 35	9 13
Milesburg	8 39	9 22
Bellefonte	8 49	9 32
Milesburg	9 01	9 47
Curtin	9 11	10 01
Mount Eagle f	9 17	10 08
Howard	9 27	10 16
Eagleville f	9 40	10 30
Beech Creek	9 45	10 35
Mill Hall	10 01	10 50
Flemington f	10 05	10 54
Arrive at Lock Haven	10 10	11 00

BELLEFONTE & SNOW SHOE R. R.—Time Table in effect on and after Jan. 31, 1887

Leaves Snow Shoe at 6:45 a m; arrives at Bellefonte at 8:25 a m.

Leaves Bellefonte 9.00 a m., arrives at Snow Shoe 11.00 a m

Leaves Snow Shoe 3.15 p m., arrives at Bellefonte 5.29 p m

Leaves Bellefonte at 8:05 p m; arrives at Snow Shoe at 10:00 p m.

S S BLAIR, General Sup't

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE R. R.—BELLEFONTE, NITTANY AND LEMONT R. R. To take effect Jan. 31, 1887.

Dis. Westward				Eastward		
	a.m.	p.m.		a.m.	a.m.	p.m
.0	5.50	1.30	MONTANDON	6.30	9.10	5.45
1.5	6.00	1.40	Ar. LEWISBURG Lv	5.20	9.00	5.35
1.5	6.05	1.40	Lv. LEWISBURG Ar		9.00	5.35
5.4	6.15	1.48	Biehl f		8.51	5.22
6.8	6.22	1.56	Vicksburg f		8.45	5.15
10.7	6.33	2.09	MIFFLINBURG		8.33	5.03
13.1	6.40	2.16	Barber f		8.26	4.55
15.2	6.46	2.22	Swengle f		8.20	4.46
16.1	6.48	2.27	Millmont		8.18	4.43
18.6	7.00	2.37	LAURELTON		8.12	4.30
23.5	7.08	2.53	Pardee f		7.58	4.15
24.7	7.12	3.01	Welker f		7.54	4.09
28.9	7.27	3.07	Cherry Run f		7.45	3.58
32.2	7.35	3.17	Paddy Mt. Tunnel f		7.35	3.48
33.9	7.41	3.20	Fowler f		7.32	3.42
36.6	7.49	3.30	Coburn		7.23	3.30
39.6	7.56	3.40	Zerby f		7.15	3.23
43.4	8.18	3.50	Rising Springs		7.06	3.15
46.2	8.19	4.00	Penn's Cave f		6.58	3.07
49.2	8.27	4.07	CENTRE HALL		6.50	3.00
51.6	8.34	4.12	Gregg f		6.43	2.53
54.6	8.45	4.23	Linden Hall		6.36	2.45
56.7	8.52	4.27	OAK HALL		6.30	2.37
58.3	8.56	4.30	LEMONT		6.25	2.31
60.2	9.03	4.36	Dale Summit f		6.20	2.25
63.9	9.14	4.45	Pleasant Gap f		6.09	2.12
65.2	9.19	4.51	Axeman f		6.04	2.05
67.4	9.25	4.55	BELLEFONTE		6.00	2.00

CHAS E. PUGH ..... General Manager
ROBERT NEILSON ..... General Superintendent
E. B. WESTFALL ..... Superintendent

BELLEFONTE AND BUFFALO RUN RAILROAD.—To take effect Monday, Jan. 24, 1887.

EASTWARD.				WESTWARD.		
No. 4.	No. 2.	Dis.	STATIONS.	Dis.	No. 1.	No. 3
P. M.	A. M.				A. M	P. M
7 00	9 00	18.	Ar. Bellefte Lv	0.	6 10	4 40
6 50	8 50	14.7	Hastings, F	3.2	6 20	4 45
6 42	8 42	12.5	Hunters	5.5	6 25	4 58
6 39	8 39	11.2	Fillmore	6.8	6 31	5 01
6 35	8 35	10.	Sellers, F	8.	6 35	5 05
6 30	8 30	8.	Waddles	10.	6 40	5 10
6 10	8 10	3.2	Thompson, F	14.8	7 00	5 30
6 06	8 06	2.	Krumrine	16.	7 04	5 34
6 00	8 00	0.	State College,	18.	7 10	5 40

Trains will stop at stations marked F when signal is given or notice to Conductor.

Train 2 will connect with trains East and West on B. E. V. R. R.

Train 3 will connect with train West on B. E. R. R.

Train 4 will connect with train East on B. E. V. R. R., and with train West on Snow Shoe Branch.

THOMAS A. SHOEMAKER, Sup't.

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE RAILROAD Time Table, Jan. 31, 1887.

WESTWARD.	Mixed. P. M.	Mixed A. M
Leave Scotia	12 15	5 00
Fairbrook	12 40	5 20
Penn'a Furnace	1 05	5 40
Hostler f	1 15	5 50
Marengo f	1 25	5 55
Loveville f	1 30	6 00
Furnace Road f	1 35	6 10
Dungarvin	1.39	6.18
Warriors Mark	1 55	6 25
Pennington	2 12	6 40
Weston Mill f	2 25	6 50
L. and T. June	2 31	6 55
Tyrone	2 35	6 58
EASTWARD.	Mixed. P. M.	Mixed A. M
Leave Tyrone	4 30	9 20
L. & T. June	4 34	9 25
Weston Mill f	4 40	9 33
Pennington	4 55	9 45
Warriors Mark	5 05	9 58
Dungarvin	5.17	10.09
Furnace Road f	5 20	10 12
Loveville f	5 26	10 16
Marengo f	5 30	10 22
Hostler f	5 40	10 38
Penn's Furnace	5 50	10 44
Fairbrook	6 05	11 03
Scotia	6 25	11 30

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD—(Philadelphia and Erie Division.)—On and after Jan. 31, 1887:

WESTWARD.		
ERIE MAIL leaves Philadelphia	11 25	p m
" " Harrisburg	3 30	a m
" " Williamsport	7 10	a m
" " Jersey Shore	7 35	a m
" " Lock Haven	7 55	a m
" " Renovo	8 50	a m
" arr at Erie	4 00	p m
NIAGARA EXP. leaves Philadelphia	7 40	a m
" " Harrisburg	11 25	a m
" arr. at Williamsport	2 15	p m
" " Lock Haven	3 30	p m
" " Renovo	4 30	p m
" " Kane	8 35	p m
Passengers by this train arrive in Bellefonte at	5 00	p m
FAST LINE leaves Philadelphia	11 50	a m
" " Harrisburg	3 45	p m
" Williamsport	7 10	p m
" arr at Lock Haven	8 02	p m
" Renovo	9 00	p m
SUNDAY MAIL leaves Phil'a	4 20	a m
" " Harrisburg	7 40	a m
" " " W'msport	10 35	a m
" " " Lock Haven	11 25	a m
" " arr. at Renovo	12 30	p m
EASTWARD.		
Sea Shore EXPRESS leaves L.Haven	7 05	a m
" " " Jer'y S're	7 55	a m
" " " W'msp't	8 15	a m
" " arr. at Harrisb'g	11 30	a m
" " Phila'phia	3 15	p m
DAY EXP leaves Kane	6 25	a m
" " Renovo	10 20	a m
" " Lock Haven	11 15	a m
" " Williamsport	12 20	p m
" arr at Harrisburg	3 13	p m
" " Philadelphia	6 60	a m
ERIE MAIL leaves Erie	2 45	p m
" " Renovo	11 00	p m
" " Lock Haven	11 58	p m
" " Williamsport	1 25	a m
" arr at Harrisburg	4 20	a m
" " Philadelphia	8 25	a m
RENOVO ACM leaves Renovo daily	4 05	p m
" arrives at Harrisb'g	9 30	p m
" " Philadelphia	4 25	a m

Erie Mail West, Niagara Express West, and Day Express East make close connection at Lock Haven with B. E. V. R. R. trains.

Erie Mail East and West connect at Erie with trains on L. S. & M. S. R. R.; at Corry with B. F. & W. R. R. at Emporium with B., N. Y. & P. R. R. and at Driftwood with A. V. R. R.

ROBERT NEILSON Gen'l Supt.

A Present to the Pope.

ROME, October 6.—Klopp, the German historian, presents the pope with the complete correspondence between Leopold I. and Father Marco Daviano, the pope's legate during the Turkish incursion of 1683. To each of the sovereigns who sent jubilee gifts the pope will present a specially-painted miniature portrait of himself. The pope is exceedingly pleased with Queen Victoria's gift, and his acknowledgment will be exceptionally cordial.

MARBLEHEAD, Mass., Oct. 7.—There was considerable anxiety among the people this morning concerning the Volunteer. An observation was made from Abbott Hall tower at 9 a. m., but she could not be sighted. At 11 o'clock, however, the victorious yacht passed the highland light. Light winds caused the delay.

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(Formerly Ass't Commissioner of Patents,)

Attorney at Law & Solicitor of Patents,

No. 916 F. Street,

Washington, D. C.

REFERENCES—

HIRAM TORREY, Esq., New York City,

J. C. GOODRICH, Esq.,

19 40 1y Tribune Building, New York City.

Miscellaneous.

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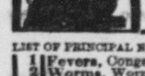

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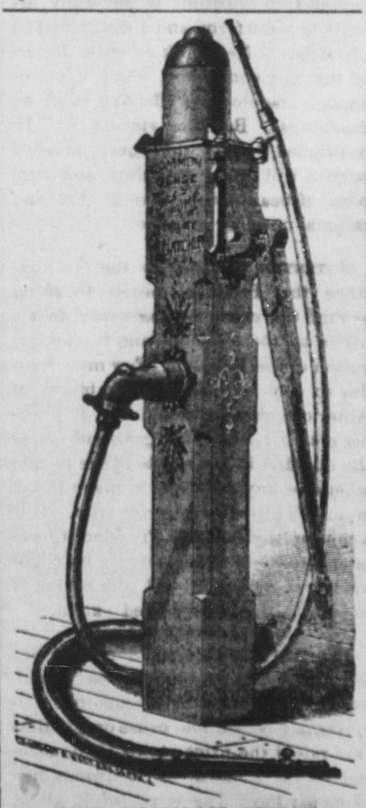

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Office: 25 N. E. CITY HALL SQUARE, Opposite Broad St. Station P. R. R. 19 16 13t eow PHILADELPHIA, PA.

AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION Proposed to the citizens of this Commonwealth for their approval or rejection by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. Published by order of the Secretary of the Commonwealth, in pursuance of Article XVIII of the Constitution.

Joint resolution proposing an amendment to the constitution of the commonwealth:

SECTION 1. *Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met*, That the following is proposed as a amendment of the constitution of the commonwealth of Pennsylvania in accordance with the provisions of the eighteenth article thereof:

AMENDMENT.

Strike out from section one of article eight, the four qualifications for voters which reads as follows:

"If twenty-two years of age or upwards, he shall have paid, within two years, a state or county tax, which shall have been assessed at least two months, and paid at least one month before the election," so that the section which reads as follows:

"Every male citizen, twenty-one years of age, possessing the following qualifications, shall be entitled to vote at all elections:

First. He shall have been a citizen of the United States at least one month.

Second. He shall have resided in the state one year (or if, having previously been a qualified elector or native born citizen of the state, he shall have removed therefrom and returned, then six months) immediately preceding the election.

Third. He shall have resided in the election district where he shall offer to vote at least two months immediately preceding the election.

Fourth. If twenty-two years of age or upwards, he shall have paid, within two years, a state or county tax, which shall have been assessed at least two months, and paid at least one month before the election, shall be amended, so as to read as follows:

Every male citizen twenty-one years of age, possessing the following qualifications, shall be entitled to vote at the polling place of the election district of which he shall at the time be a resident and not elsewhere:

First. He shall have been a citizen of the United States at least thirty days.

Second. He shall have resided in the state one year (or if, having previously been a qualified elector or native born citizen of the state, he shall have removed therefrom and returned, then six months) immediately preceding the election.

Third. He shall have resided in the election district where he shall offer to vote at least thirty days immediately preceding the election. The legislature, at the session thereof, next after the adoption of this section, shall, and from time to time thereafter may, enact laws to properly enforce this provision.

Fourth. Every male citizen of the age of twenty-one years, who shall have been a citizen for thirty days and an inhabitant of this state one year next preceding an election, except at municipal elections, and for the last thirty days a resident of the election district in which he may offer his vote, shall be entitled to vote at such election in the election district of which he shall at the time be a resident and not elsewhere for all officers that now are or hereafter may be elected by the people: *Provided*, That in time of war no elector in the actual military service of the State or of the United States, in the army or navy thereof, shall be deprived of his vote by reason of his absence from such election district, and the legislature shall have power to provide the manner in which and the time and place at which such absent electors may vote, and for the return and canvas of their votes in the election district in which they respectively reside.

Fifth. For the purpose of voting, no person shall be deemed to have gained or lost a residence by reason of his presence or absence while employed in the service of the United States or the State, nor while engaged in the navigation of the waters of the State or of the high seas, nor while a student of any college or seminary of learning, nor while kept at any almshouse or public institution, except the inmates of any home for disabled and indigent soldiers, who, for the purpose of voting, shall be deemed to reside in the election district where said home is located. Laws shall be made for ascertaining, by proper proofs, the citizens who shall be entitled to the right of suffrage hereby established.

A true copy of the joint resolution.

CHARLES W. STONE, Secretary of the Commonwealth.

19 31 13t

AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION proposed to the citizens of this Commonwealth for their approval or rejection by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. Published by order of the Secretary of the Commonwealth, in pursuance of Article XVIII of the Constitution.

Joint resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of this Commonwealth:

SECTION 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following amendment is proposed to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in accordance with the Eighteenth Article thereof:

AMENDMENT

There shall be an additional article to said Constitution to be designated as article XIX, as follows:

ARTICLE XIX

The manufacture, sale, or keeping for sale of intoxicating liquor, to be used as a beverage, is hereby prohibited, and any violation of this prohibition shall be a misdemeanor, punishable as shall be provided by law.

The manufacture, sale, or keeping for sale of intoxicating liquor for other purposes than as a beverage may be allowed in such manner only as may be prescribed by law. The General Assembly shall, at the first session succeeding the adoption of this article of the Constitution, enact laws with adequate penalties for its enforcement.

A true copy of the Joint Resolution.

CHARLES W. STONE, Secretary of the Commonwealth.

19 31 13t

AGENTS double their money selling our brass finished corrugated REFLECTING SAFETY LAMP. Can be sold in every family. Gives more light than three ordinary lamps. Send forty cents for complete lamp and be convinced. Circulars sent free. Forshee & McMakin, Cincinnati, O. 19 36 10t

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ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS

—Hon. Simon Cameron departed from Bellefo te Saturday morning on 10.35 train.

—A goodly portion of Bellefonte young people have gone to the woods for chestnuts.

—Mrs. Peter Breon, who lives near Spring Mills, has a sun flower which measures 29 inches in diameter.

—At Aaronsburg, on Thursday, Miss Lizzie Huston, a niece of James P. Coburn, Esq ,was married to Harvey Musser, Esq., of Akron, Ohio.

—The first blowing of glass for the season began at the glass works at 8 o'clock on Saturday. The work is proceeding very satisfactorily.

—Many citizens drove to Mr. Cameron Burnside's residence on Thursday evening to pay their respects to Hon. Simon Cameron, who was visiting there.

—After a lingering illness Miss Louisa, daughter of George and Maria Gramley, of Rebersburg, died at the home of her parents, on Monday, the 3d, aged 18 years.

—There are more than twenty secret societies in Philipsburg. The latest to be organized was a body of the Improved Order of Red Men. It is Red Warrior Tribe, No. 109

—The arrival of General Simon Cameron on Thursday afternoon was very quiet and undemonstrative. He took a seat in the carriage provided for him and was conveyed rapidly up town.

—A valuable sorrel horse has been found dead in the woods near Woodward. The fact that no one knows the owner of the animal clothes the event with mystery and creates excitement.

—Mr. Ulrich, of Luzerne county, who came to Bellefonte a few months ago in search of his little girl, who was lost, was in Centre Hall last week on a similar errend. But again was disappointed and went home very sad.

—When John Bull beats the Yankee, and takes that cup away, he'll have to get up early, on a very frigid day. We like to see him try it, and hope we always may; but please remember, Mr. Bull, that cup is here to stay.

—On Tuesday, October 4, near Boalsburg, by Rev. Mr. Foster, Mr. Charles Kuhn was married to Miss Clara Knarr. Mr. Calvin Meyer and Mr. Crane assisted the groom. Misses Nora Burchfield and Lizzie Felty were maids of honor.

—The construction train crew was summoned on Thursday evening to replace the engine of the Lemont train on the track. The second time in its history it moved too far in the round house, going through the wall and off the track.

—Mr. Joseph McClellan, of Tusseyville, has between 300 and 400 bushels of potatoes safely housed for the winter trade. His graneries are filled with oats and wheat. We predict that Mr. McClellan will be able to part with these valuables at a good profit.

—One of the finest fields of corn which we have seen this year is that owned by Mr. Peter Breon, below Centre Hall. It is certainly the best in Penns Valley and will take the prize anywhere. Mr. Breon seems to possess the secret of cultivating corn successfully.

—At a special election in Johnstown, on Tuesday the 4th, to determine whether or not the debt should be increased thirty thousand dollars, the number of votes cast for the increase was 774, the number against it 88.

—A reunion of the survivors of the 75th regiment (Keystone Zouaves) was held in the Opera House, at Altoona, on Wednesday. Henry Hewitt, of Philipsburg, was in attendance. It was an interesting affair. The next reunion will be held at Beaver Falls.

—Mr. Fees, of this place, was quite unfortunate on Tuesday evening. He stepped on a loose board in the walk along Willow Bank street, which tripped him. In falling his forehead struck the walk with great violence, bruising it greatly. He suffers much pain.

—On Monday evening, the 3d, the Philipsburg borough council passed a resolution to hold a special election on the 16th of November to get authority from the voters to increase the borough debt $10,000; also to permit them to assess a tax not exceeding three miles on the dollar, for lighting purposes.

—The cigar and tobacco store of Hoffman Brothers, at Philipsburg, was entered, on Wednesday night of this week, by burglars, and about $80 worth of cigars, tobacco and pipes were taken from it. They succeeded in getting the window open in the rear of the store. This is the fifth place that has been entered by burglars in two weeks.

—Another railway project is being agitated at Milton for binding more closely together the regions of the North and West Branch rivers. According to the *Argus* Milton will be the starting point. The route as now contemplated will be from Milton, out Pleasant Valley to Limestoneville, Washingtonville, Jerseytown, Millville, Rohrsburg, Stillwater, Cambria, Harveyville and from thence either to Shickshinny or Nanticoke. It is proposed to push matters rapidly until a final conclusion is reached and the engineers will commence work at an early date.

Lutheran Synod and Missionary Convention.

In our reference to the recent meetings held by the Lutherans of this part of Pennsylvania we shall first give our attention to

THE SYNOD OF CENTRAL PENNSYLVANIA,

which convened in the Lutheran church at Mifflinburg on Tuesday, September 27.

Rev. P. Graif, of Mifflintown, preached the first sermon.

Nine young men are being educated by the Synod for the Gospel ministry. The Synod asks for $1300 for that purpose this year.

During the year $5,397.27 were contributed to benevolent objects. This is an increase of $340 over the previous year. It is especially recommended that the members of the church purchase all their books and literature of the Lutheran Publication Society, because the profits of that society are devoted to the benevolence of the church. Among the objects of benevolence the Orphan's Home, at Loysville, was recommended.

Charles T. Aikens, of Milroy, was licensed to preach the Gospel and J. M. Stover was ordained on Sunday evening.

Officers elected for the year are: Rev. S. E. Furst, of New Berlin, president; Rev. A. H. F. Fisher, of New Bloomfield, secretary; and Rev. W. H. Diven, of Salona, treasurer.

The eighth annual convention of the

WOMAN'S HOME AND FOREIGN MISSIONARY SOCIETY

was held at the same time in New Berlin.

The town was pronounced by the delegates to be a beautiful place, the church neat and cheerful and the convention a great success.

A welcome was extended to the convention by Miss Emma Oldt, seconded by Rev, S. E. Furst, the pastor. Miss P. E. Dornblaser, president of the society, responded. This lady officiated over the sessions with much impressiveness and earnestness.

Miss Furst read a paper on "Finding and Bringing," which is described as thoughtful and beautiful. Miss Earnest, of Mifflinburg, pleased her hearers with information regarding the "Benefits and Blessings of a Woman's Hospital in India." The "Value of Woman's Work" was the theme of a paper by Mrs. Rev. Leisher.

All the officers were re-elected for the ensuing year, viz: President, Miss P. E. Dornblaser; Vice President, Mrs. Rev. Gladhill; Secretary, Mrs. S. A. Fair; corresponding Secretary, Miss Cora Holahan; Treasurer, Miss C. Ella Rhone. The last mentioned lady at once declined to accept and Miss Mary E. Olewine was elected treasurer.

Two other papers read were "Those who Read," by Mrs. Finckel, and "Young People's Societies," by Mrs. Gladhill.

A memorial service was held in honor of Rev. Dr. Peter Sahm, who was in the ministry forty years and who died in 1876 while pastor of the New Berlin church. Rain prevented the service being held at his grave. The principal part of this service was a brief biography of deceased, read by Mrs. Laura Schnure. Reminiscences were related by several ministers present. The choir rendered a delightful programme of music. Miss Annie Sahm, daughter of Rev. Dr. Sahm, is the organist. Mrs. Rev. Faber, of Salona, and Miss Eva Schoch, of Selinsgrove, made the convention more delightful by rendering beautiful solos. Mention of a paper read by Miss Holahan, on "The crowning glory of a woman's life," and the recitation of a most excellent poem, "Only a Head of Wheat," by Miss Eva Schoch, must complete this brief description of a most interesting gathering.

Associate Judges Sustained.

At the April sessions of the Huntingdon county court licenses were refused applicants by Associate Judge C. R. McCarthy and Tobias Forman, although President Judge Furst dissented from their opinion. The cases were appealed to the Supreme court, and argued in May last. The decision was not rendered until Monday of this week and is as follows:

"The records in the cases before us are without fault, and as the facts cannot be brought before us on appeal, we must affirm the certioraris and dismiss the appeal. We may observe, however, that if we are to regard the second opinion of the Associates as containing a statement of the facts of the several cases, their power to refuse the license was undoubted and it was properly exercised. It is true their first opinion, as drawn for them by the President Judge, puts them in the awkward position of a clear violation of the prescription of the act of assembly, but this on consideration that they had a right to correct and set forth the facts on which they acted. The judgments on the certioraris are affirmed, and the appeals dismissed at the costs of the applicants."

—Part III of the Report of the Secretary of Internal Affairs for 1886 is at hand with compliments of Albert S. Bolles, chief of the bureau. It relates exclusively to the mining industry and contains a great mass of statistics relating to that industry. A few designs of dwellings for miners occupy the opening pages. A table containing some valuable information gives the percentage of children, between 10 and 15 years of age, employed in all industries. The highest percentage is Alabama, which is 18 per cent. The lowest are New Hampshire and Massachusetts—3 per cent. The proportion in Pennsylvania is 5 per cent.

Change of Uniform.

The General Manager of the Pennsylvania Railroad has ordered a change to be made in the prescribed uniform. Heretofore double-breasted coats were the rule, but complaints having been made of these it has been decided to substitute single breasted coats in their stead. These will be of the cutaway style, and will be made to button high at the throat, one button alone being used. It has also been decided to dispense with the snow-white summer caps, which rendered so picturesque and attractive the uniformed officers of the Company. In future a blue cap will be worn winter and summer. The change from the double to the single-breasted coat will probably be an improvement, but it is a question whether the dispensing with the strikingly handsome summer caps will be a step in the same direction.

About 2,500 of the Company's employes wear the prescribed uniform while on duty. The grades of service to which this rule applies are station masters, passenger conductors, baggage masters, brakemen, ticket examiners, baggage agents, checkmen, gatemen, ushers, baggage porters special officers, mail porters, cleaners, dining-car conductors, waiters and porters, parlor-car attendants, parlor car porters, ferry employes and watchmen and messengers at the general office. Except in case of their uniform suits, the men pay for all the clothing supplied them. The Company contracts for the material and manufacture and charges only the actual contract rates.

Another Notice of an Esteemed Lady.

A correspondent writes as follows: Mrs. Alice M. Solt, of Housersville, Pa., died on the 26th of September, 1887, of paralysis of the brain, aged 24 years, 10 months and 1 day. Mrs. Solt was the wife of David P. Solt, of Houserville, and daughter of Jacob Klinger, of Oak Hall, and grand-daughter of Jesse and Mary Klinger, of Bellefonte. Her last hours were calm and peaceful. She was a devoted member of the Evangelical church of Lemont. She leaves a husband and one child (a bright little boy) to mourn their loss. The funeral occurred on the 27th of September, the services being conducted by Rev. J. H. Welch, her pastor. The interment was at Shiloh cemetery. The mother of the deceased preceeded her to the grave about eight years ago, and her little daughter, Maggie, about five years.

D. P. Solt and friends wish to return their sincere thanks to the people who gave such willing assistance in the time of affliction.

What it Cost.

The Central Centennial committee of Huntingdon county had a business meeting on Friday night, September 30, to close up the financial report. H. Hill Strickler, the treasurer, reported that the expense had reached $1,700, of which $400 was for the fire works, $325 for balloon ascensions, $250 for music, $300 for printing, and balance for incidentals in erecting stands, arches and decorations. The committee design having printed a pamphlet containing a complete history of the centennial celebration, embellished with portraits and illustrations, to be kept as a souvenir of the great event. Hon. Alexander Port, chairman of the Committee of Medals, reports having sold 2,200 at 25 cents each. George Simpson, Post No. 44, of Huntingdon, cleared over $500 during centennial week at the Opera House by the performance of the "Union Scout."

Letter List.

Following is a complete list of the letters remaining uncalled for in the post-office at Bellefonte, Centre county, Penn'a, October 3, 1887:

Mrs. Bryan, John Cox, Mrs. Nancy Corman, Mrs. Kate Dunkle, Mrs. Catherine Derry, Mrs. Garner, Sidney E. Gates, J. M. Lucas, Taylor E. Lewis, Merchant & Co., J. B. Miller, Edward Nolan, M. J. Philips, A. L. Olt, Miss Nellie Oswalts, John W. O'Conner, H. W. Sherburne, Mrs. N. H. Shears, Snow Shoe and Little Sandy R'y, William Sellers, Kate Smith, Mrs. Maria W. Tate, Lucy Watson, Howard M. Walker, Thomas Wilson, H. E. Yerger.

Persons inquiring for letters named in the above list will please say advertised.

JAS. H. DOBBINS, P. M.

—Mr. W. J. S. Cowdrick, of this place, was married on Thursday afternoon at 3 o'clock to Miss Josephine Shrom, one of Bellefonte's charming young ladies. The ceremony occurred at the home of the bride's mother, Rev. D. S. Monroe, D. D., officiating. The happy couple departed on the 5 o'clock train. We wish them very much joy.

—The original Little Tycoon Company, of the Temple Theatre, occupied a handsome car attached to the 10.35 a. m. train on the Bald Eagle Valley R. R. Thursday morning. A baggage car belonging to the company was also connected with the train.

—The pall bearers on Wednesday afternoon, on the occasion of the funeral services over the remains of Mrs. Watson, were Robert Shirk, George Gray, Mr. Baird and Mr. Witherite. Rev. M. B. Laning was the officiating minister.

Philipsburg.

An order of Red Men was organized in this place on Tuesday evening, with 35 members, so we hear.

Jno. Reece, well-known to many of our citizens, died at his home in West Virginia.

R. B. Wigton & Sons have found it necessary to enlarge their now extensive fire brick works, opposite this place. They have also started a store at Steiner's station.

The Beech Creek Railroad Company have begun the erection of a new round house, to hold eight engines, on the site of the one recently burned.

Howard Fleck, one of the "flip" clerks in T. N. Troxell & Co's store, has commenced to build himself a house on Laurel and Fifth streets. First the cage, then the bird, eh, Howard.

The Hope Fire Company, No. 2, will hold a dance and supper in G. A. Hall on Saturday evening. This company is coming right up.

The ways of a special delivery mail boy are not all strewn with roses. Are they, Ray?

Rev. T. Cameron, the much beloved minister of the United Brethren congregation, took his departure on Thursday for his new field of labor at Conemaugh. He leaves many warm friends behind.

The Salvation Army is "busted" in Philipsburg, and Bro. Cunningham is check-weighman at one of the coal mines near this place.

Rev. T. Cameron married Robert Lynn, of Sandy Ridge, and Miss Emma Kephart of Osceola, a few evenings since.

We are to have a shirt factory so say reports.

That world-renowned drama, "On the Trail, or Daniel Boones, the avenger," will be produced in the Opera House on next Thursday evening. Our town is now profusely billed, and the two gentlemen who had charge of the billing are pleasant men, and we haven't the least doubt that this company will take well here and have a crowded house.

SOME ONE.

Suggestions for Hunters

Never buy a large game bag. Be charitable. Other people have as much right to hunt as you.

If you shoot a farmer's dog by mistake, don't wait to explain matters. Farmers are powerfully strong, as a rule.

Never go hunting without a plentiful supply of snake-bite antidote. Whiskey is the most popular remedy to date.

If after a lengthy search about a place you fail to find any game complain to the owner. He may possibly stock it for you.

If your gun misses fire don't look down the barrel to see if the charge has started. It is dangerous practice. If you don't believe it, try it.

Do not carry your gun by the muzzle. Unfortunately, guns cannot discriminate. They don't know their masters from ordinary mortals.

Never use the tail of your hunting dog for a sight when he is pointing, as he is liable to wag it at the critical moment and spoil your shot.

When you rise a bird don't fire too hurriedly, take good aim. Guns are like domestics in some things. They kick when discharged suddenly.

If some one else gets more game than you, don't despair. He is probably an old hand at the business, and you will be old, too, some day—if you live long enough.

—Dr. U. Q. Davis, of Milton, while driving across the railroad track at that place on Wednesday, was struck by the News Express, which was late and was running at a high rate of speed. The Doctor did not see the train, as is proven by the fact that he made no effort to hasten his horse across the track. The violence of the collision threw the horse eight feet in the air. The Doctor's body was hurled as high as a neighboring smokestack and came down eighty feet distant. Death was instantaneous. Fifteen deaths have occurred at this spot and and this casualty has caused the indignation of citizens at the carelessness of the public's safety which is evinced by the railroad company. The Doctor was a public-spirited citizen, deeply conscientious in his dealings and a master of his profession.

—At a recent meeting of the Board of Directors of the Y. M. C. A. it was resolved that the "necessary steps be taken to print the several reports of the officers of the Association for the year, together with a summary of the treasurer's report for that period, including the subscriptions *paid*." This action will remove the necessity of having the somewhat tedious reports read on the occasion of the anniversary, and instead of that the time will be most entertainingly occupied with music and also an address by some prominent business man from a distance. We cannot at present state who the orator will be.

Attention, 7th Pa. Cavalry.

Comrades who served in the "Bloody Seventh" are earnestly requested to attend the reunion to be held at Mt. Carmel on October 25th and 26th. All comrades who reside in Clinton and Centre counties, who desire to attend, please report to the subscriber and enclose stamp for an order for excursion ticket. Let us have a full turnout.

H. D. LOVELAND.

Lamar, Clinton Co., Pa.

Coming Here.

The Presbytery of Huntingdon held a meeting in Mifflintown last week and decided to hold the spring meeting in this place. Some of the proceedings of the session were quite interesting.

A call from the Houtzdale church for the pastoral services of Rev. Albert A. Bird was read, and ordered to be returned to the church, on the ground of illegality, as the call was made at a congregational meeting held on the Sabbath day. This action was reconsidered and the call was ordered to be placed in Mr. Bird's hands. The call was accepted.

Presbytery then adopted the following resolution:

Resolved, That Presbytery discountenances the holding of congregational meetings on the Sabbath day, to call pastors, or to transact any other business which can be attended to on a week day. Such action we deem unnecessary, inexpedient, and having a tendency to interfere with the strict and careful observance of the Sabbath, which, as Christains and Presbyterians, we are bound to maintain and promote.

This action was attended by earnest and protracted discussion, and passed by a large majority. To which we say, "Hurrah for Presbytery!" Let us have strictness and consistency in religion, or none at all.

Odd Fellow Officials Installed and Feasted.

On Thursday evening the I. O. O. F. of Bellefonte held the instaliation of officers The gentlemen and their titles for the coming year are:

Noble Grand—A. C. Mingle,
V. G.—Girard Minsker,
Secretary—William Hillibish,
Representative to Grand Lodge—John I. Olewine.
R. S. to N. G.—John I. Olewine,
L. S. to N. G.—Samuel Hazel,
R. S. to V. G.—Harvey Griffith,
L. S. to V. G.—Harry Schroyer,
Warden—James Seibert,
Conductor—Dr. A. W. Hafer,
Right Scene Supporter—C. P. Ecker,
L. S. S.—H. H. Harshberger,
Outside Guardian—D. I. Parsons,
Inside Guardian—J. M. Furey.

After the routine business the members of the Lodge, to the number of forty-eight, repaired to Jacobs' restaurant and went through the process of demolishing the dainties which that famous caterer provided. The supper was equal to the best and the occasion was pronounced a success.

What They Should Say.

Somebody who thinks he knows all about it says: When a lady sitting for a picture would compose her mouth to a bland and serene character she should just before entering the room say "Bosom," and keep the expression into which the mouth subsided until the desired effect in the camera is evident. If on the other hand she wishes to assume a distinguished or somewhat noble bearing not suggestive of sweetness, she should say "Brush," the result of which is infallible. If she wishes to make her mouth look small she must say "Flip," but if the mouth is already too small, and needs enlarging, she must say "Cabbage." If she wishes to look mournful, she must say "Kerchunk;" if resigned, she must forcibly ejaculate "S'cat." Ladies when having their photographs taken may observe these rules with some advantage to their appearance.

Held in Honor.

The annual meeting of the Y. M. C. A., Friday evening, paid the following tribute to a young man who has recently departed from this place:

WHEREAS, Mr. John S. Musser, who for several years has been an active member of the Y. M. C. A., at all times, as a citizen and neighbor, by upright and consistent deportment, commended himself to the people of the town; and

WHEREAS, The changes and attractions of business have called him, at least for a time, to other fields of useful effort; therefore, be it

Resolved, That we regret his departure and most cheerfully take advantage of the opportunity afforded to bear testimony to his high character and bid him God-speed.

Resolved, That this expression of our esteem be published in the papers of the town and a copy be transmitted to him.

Officers of the Y. M. C. A.

The annual meeting of the Y. M. C. A. held on Friday evening, elected the following officers:

President—D. M. Lieb.
Vice President—A. Lukenbach.
Secretary—James R. Hughes.
Treasurer—J. C. Weaver.
Board of Directors—C. E. Gilmore, C. C. Shuey, C. U. Hoffer, Dr. J. W. Rhone, Dr. W. S. Zeller, J. W. Gephart, Esq., Dr. F. Potts Green and Mr. S. A. Stover.

The selection is in every respect a most admirable one. The officers are men of force and efficiency and the prospects are most excellent for a year of profitable work.

—The shipment of chestnuts from Somerset county is just now a leading industry, Johnstown receiving most of the shipments from points between it and Hooversville. From the latter place and other points intervening, Rockwood receiving about 150 bushels per day for reshipment; Berlin forwards about 200 bushels per day; Garret 150 bushels, and other shipments are picked up all along the line to West Newton. The bulk of the chestnuts go Chicago, although Kansas City and other cities receive some. From Johnstown the nuts are forwarded in large quantities to Pittsburg, Philadelphia and New York.

Deafness Can't be Cured

by local applications, as they can not reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucus lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube gets inflamed, you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and th is tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucus surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by Catarrh) that we can not cure by taking Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circular, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

☞Sold by Druggists, 75 cents.

—White Nixon, who is the editor of the Houtzdale *Observer*, should be lectured severely. He advises the young men of that locality not to connect themselves with the National Guard, because the object of that organization seems to be to appear on dress parade or else to be led against the workingmen of the State at the dictation of any corporation. This surely must be doctrine foreign to the spirit of our institutions. We do not believe that the National Guard will be invoked against any men who comport themselves properly. One of its objects is to have a competent army of citizen soldiery should it be needed. If it is what White Nixon intimates it should be suppressed; otherwise the supression of Mr. White Nixon is in order.

—We notice, daily, renewed evidence which causes us to felicitate ourselves over the fact that our former Colonel D. H. Hastings was made Adjutant General. He is making such important improvements to his property and among them is a new boardwalk along the Lamb street side of it. The new boardwalk is somewhat rough, and doubtless the Adjutant General will see that it is properly smoothed and leveled for pedestrians.

IN BRIEF, AND TO THE POINT

Dyspepsia is dreadful. Disordered liver is misery. Indigestion is a foe to good nature.

The human digestive apparatus is one of the most complicated and wonderful things in existence. It is easily put out of order.

Greasy food, tough food, sloppy food, bad cookery, mental worry, late hours, irregular habits, and many other things which ought not to be, have made the American people a nation of dyspeptics.

But Green's August flower has done a wonderful work in reforming this sad business and making the American people so healthy that they can enjoy their meals and be happy.

Remember:—No happiness without health. But Green's August Flower brings health and happiness to the dyspeptic. Ask your druggist for a bottle. Seventy-five cents.

—On the 15th of April of this year there were eighteen prisoners in the Bellefonte jail. Since that time the total number of inmates has been fifty-one. At present there is no one in the desolate halls and resounding corridors of that institution. Silence reigns supreme. Why has the world deserted the interior of this noble edifice? We are glad that the people behave so well that everyone of them can have his freedom.

Consumption Cured.

An old physician, retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Asthma and all Throat and Lung Affections, also a positive and radical cure for Nervous Debility and all Nervous Complaints, after testing its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive and a desire to relieve human sufferings, I will send free of charge, to all who desire it, this receipt, in German, French or English, with full direction for preparing and using. Sent by mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper, W. A. NOYES, 149 *Power's Block, Rochester, N. Y.* 1911yeow

—About the only fruit now in the market is apples. There was plenty of celery at market on Saturday, though none of it was of good quality. If we may venture an opinion we would say that the celery is sold too early. Celery is never fit to eat until after frost. But it is exposed for sale in this vicinity months before the advent of frost and by the time it really becomes fit for use the supply is exhausted.

I had Stone in the Bladder and Gravel in the Kidneys. Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy disintegrated the stone and delivered me from it. I am now well. I should long ago have been six feet under the sod if I had not taken Dr. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy.—D. D. Hoag, Lebanon Springs, N. Y. Price $1. Send 2-cent stamp to Dr. Kennedy, Rondout, N. Y., for his book on Kidney, Liver and Blood disorders. Mention this paper. 19 40 4t

Bellefonte Republican,

EDWARD T. TUTEN, - - Editor

Terms, $2.00 per annum in Advance

Local Department.

—About all the churches now begin the evening service at 7 o'clock.

—Wilbur F. Reeder, Esq., is putting a new roof on the rear part of his residence.

—Monday was the 97th anniversary of the birth of Father Matthew, a noted temperance apostle.

—One of the classes in the High School, which has never before studied Latin, began to do so Monday.

—The annual inspection of the Pennsylvania railroad by President Roberts and other officials will begin on Saturday.

—A young child of Mr. McNeal, of this place, died Wednesday of diphtheria. Another is ill with the same disease.

—Wesley Williams, who lives at Eagleville, is one of the greatest musical prodigies in the country. He is an expert on the organ, piano and violin.

—The most staid and demure people in town are now devoting part of their time to that exciting and interesting game of putting up stove pipes.

—This is the only month in the year which has two full moons. The first one has already become full and now is dark. It will be full again on the 31st inst.

—Miss Fulton, a daughter of Mr. James Fulton, living near Valentines' furnace, died on Monday evening. The funeral occurred on Wednesday afternoon.

—On Monday between 5 and 6 o'clock p. m. about every lady living on Spring street was out sweeping the leaves from the walks in front of their respective residences.

—A son of Mr. Samuel Shaffer, of this place, was seriously hurt on Saturday at Fillmore by the explosion of a gun. The lad is at the home of Mr. Green near that place.

—The Veteran hunting club of Tyrone, including Rev. G. D. Penepacker, are now tramping through the trackless forests of this county in search of the fleet-footed deer.

—The next session of the Williamsport Convocation is to be held in St. Paul's church, Wellsboro, next week, Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, Oct. 17th, 18th and 19th.

—A mysterious wild animal is depredating portions of Penn township, Huntingdon county. Already it has torn a hog to pieces and injured a dog so badly that it had to be shot.

—The autumn meeting of the State Board of Agriculture will be held in the Court House at Montrose, Susquehanna county, on Wednesday and Thursday of this week, October 12 and 13.

—It is stated that the Pennsylvania railroad company demand that their employes pay all bills they contract, on pain of dismissal if complaint is made and sustained that they fail to do so.

—The prospects are that Friday of this week—the day of Barnum's circus—will be a general holiday. The manufacturing establishments will be closed, not only Friday, but also on Saturday.

—A red-hot meteorolite is said to have fallen at Jacksonville, Fla., the other day. Perhaps the story is only an advertisement to attract people there during the winter in the hope of seeing another.

—The Harrisburg papers say that the work of repairing the Executive Mansion, in Harrisburg, progresses very slowly. It will probably not be ready for occupancy again until sometime in December.

—We desire to emphasize the fact that the Centre county jail does not contain one inmate, showing the morality and good behavior of the citizens. We guess the Clinton county jail is full of the worst class of criminals.

—The Tenth annual session of West Branch District Lodge, No. 13, I. O. of Good Templars will be held in Montoursville, Lycoming county, on the 20th and 21st of this month. Delegates from Lodge 177, Bellefonte, will be in attendance.

—Rev. Dr. J. H. Vincent will lecture in the Huntingdon Presbyterian church on Friday evening, October 28. His theme will be "On the Heights," and the entire proceeds will be given in aid of the new Methodist Episcopal house of worship at Petersburg.

—Rev. D. S. Monroe, D. D., said on Sunday evening that Methodist churches are being erected in the United States at the rate of two and a half each day, and if there was sufficient money for that purpose it would require a rate of more than three per day to meet the demand

—On Saturday evening at 6 o'clock occurred the death of Mrs. John I. Thompson, of Martha Furnace. The lady has many relatives in this county who will learn of her death with much regret. The funeral services occurred on Tuesday afternoon at 1 o'clock, and were attended by very many people.

A Welcome Visitor.

THE TEACHER AND FRIEND OF MILLIONS OF CHILDREN COMING TO TOWN.

P. T. Barnum & Co's monster consolidation of nine shows will spread its veritable city of tents here on Friday, October 14, when it is certain that if the weather be pleasant thousands of people from the surrounding country will pour into town to witness the marvellous and soul-stirring performances. The mammoth show he brings here this season is even of a better, grander, and richer character than any of his former ones and to those fortunate enough to see his past exhibitions nothing more remains to be said. This year 100 acts of a startling character will be given in three rings, while on a big elevated stage a series of amazing feats will be exhibited; While again on the Roman hippodrome racing track the wildest enthusiasm may be expected from the daring and fearless races, all the result of the combined efforts of 300 expert performers. Sensation will succeed sensation until the breath of the auditor is almost taken away with delight. Besides these there are the wonderful hairy family from Burmah, King Theebaw's mascots; Captain Paul Boyton's aquatic performances in a specially constructed lake of clear water, the flying gymnasium, also the dwarfs, midgets, mites, and wonderful curious living human beings. Then again there are all the strange creatures in the two double menageries, such as a herd of elephants, the clown elephant, a drove of giant camels, amphibious monsters, tremendous mammals and hundreds of curious four-footed beasts. The hippodrome races are thrilling, and are contested in downright earnest for cash prizes by the rider, drivers, runners and jockeys. The big international favorite Jumbo will be exhibited precisely as he appeared in life, and the biggest and only elephant skeleton on public view will also be a feature. Alice, the affectionate widow of Jumbo, will be seen beside the colossal form of her big spouse. There is no end of features this season, but they must be seen and can be for the usual price. A tremendous street parade will be made early in the forenoon, when the entire strength of these combined giant shows will be unfolded to public view. Two performances will be given, at 2 and 8 p. m.

Words to Women.

It occurs to us that there are not near so many sermons directed specially to the women as there are to the men. Perhaps the reason is that they don't need so many. Rev. D. S. Monroe, D. D., preached a sermon to them on Sunday evening. He took for his text five of the very brave words uttered by Esther in the 16th verse of the fourth chapter of the book bearing the name of that noble woman—"If I perish, I perish."

The speaker related first the combination of circumstances which led to the decision of Esther to venture before the King at the imminent peril of her life. Then he said it was the faith she had which enabled her to decide so resolutely and to carry out her decision. This was a providence more marvelous than a miracle. Esther combined belief in God, in Providence and in Prayer. These made her strong in her decision to save her people. Some people sneer when a woman accomplishes an undertaking, and they say, "It was only a woman." It was only a man whose efforts led to the liberation of 4,000,000 slaves. "Only a woman" is the highest praise that can be bestowed.

The church membership includes perhaps double as many women as men. This Dr. Monroe said is because they trust more implicitly and have stronger wills than men have.

The speaker applied the act of Esther to the call of the sinner on God. His invitation to the sinner to come to God for mercy was a general one. It was enforced by two strong illustrations.

—It has been reported that the Western Union Telegraph office will be moved up-town next Spring. We think the report is a mistake, because the Western Union managers are long-headed, prudent gentlemen who usually manage their offices in their own interest. So far as convenience of location is concerned for the business men of the town, there is, perhaps, no choice between an uptown and a down town location, but the interests of the Western Union Company are all in favor of their present location. A citizen of this town will send a telegrame if he desires to even if to do so requires a few steps to reach the office. The multiplicity of telephones renders a visit to the office for this purpose almost unnecessary. But the Western Union derives a large business from the traveling public. Whenever a train stops at the station here passengers take advantage of the time allowed to rush from the cars into the telegraph office to send a message. Of course, if the headquarters of the company were further away it would be impossible for the passengers to reach the office in time to again catch the train, as the stops here are only from six to ten minutes in length. The company can afford, but will not be willing to give up this business.

—The Huntingdon *Monitor* says that Trough Creek Valley, that county, has a contemptibly mean thief within its boundaries. One night last week he gained an entrance into the Methodist church, at Calvin, and stole six small barrels and their contents, supposed to amount to about twelve dollars, the contributions of the Sabbath-school scholars for missionary purposes.

Amusements.

Uncle Tom's Cabin—Stetson's U. T. C. Co.—played to the largest matinee Saturday last ever was seen at a theatrical entertainment in this town, and produced the play in a faultless manner with all scenic effects and plantation melodies accompanying. The cotton-picking scene was especially fine; in fact, incomparable. The low murmur of melodies mingling with each other from distant parts of the scene indicative of the many groupings of slaves picking cotton in the field, and the picturesque group in sight makes a sudden metamorphosis of one's locality and put us in dreamland, as it were. The many little ones there took it all in, or seemed to by the wrapped attention they assumed.

In the evening there was a packed house to witness a fine performance, probably the best production of the great drama that has ever been here. Miss Herring (Topsy) was unavoidably absent, but her place was supplied by the brightest Topsy, in the person of Miss Florence Sherwood, that it has yet been our good fortune to see. A fine dancer, Miss Sherwood is as well a good actress and puts spirit into the part. The cast generally was far above the average and ably sustains the reputation of this company as being the best on the road. They treated us to a fine parade with their two bands and made a sensation on the street, which was unmistakable. The audience heard as good music during *inter*-acts as one could wish to hear. Come back, Mr. Stetson, if your name is Washburne, and bring your company here with you soon.

DALY'S COMEDY COMPANY.

This Company is billed to play here this (Thursday) night in a new play and a great hit entitled, "Fun at School" or "A. B. C.," a high comedy of a purely moral character in which the five nicest scenes imaginable will be rendered in the most artistic manner. The street parade of the Company will be fine, during which a lady cornetist will discourse music *in solo* and the band is on an equality with the best. A superb orchestra will fill up between acts, and the audience will have as good an entertainment as can be seen anywhere. Do not fail to see this—Daly's Comedy Co.—in the play "Fun at School." There should be a good house for a good show, and there is no doubt about this being A 1 in all features. Popular prices 50 and 35 cents; Seats on sale at Sourbeck's.

Electricity as a Motor.

The use of electricity in the United States as a source of power is rapidly increasing. A gentleman connected with Westinghouse Electric Company in Pittsburg, speaking of this, said:—"There are over 19,000 motors now in operation in the country. They are put to varied uses. In several newspaper offices they are used for running presses · also for sewing-machines, ventilating-fans, operating dental instruments, drawing street cars, and also in machine-shops, shoe-factories, book-binderies and knitting-works. They are used for washing bottles, pumping water from artesian wells, brushing down horses, driving ice-cream freezers, coffee-mills, elevators, circular saws, and for throwing colors on landscapes."

"What are the especial advantages of the electric motor?" he was asked.

"It furnishes an economical method of dividing power. It is much cheaper to run one 200-horse-power steam engine than to run twenty ten-horse power engines each with its own separate boiler. The loss of power in transforming the energy of a large engine into electricity and then back again into mechanical energy is comparatively small, and the ease with which the power can be carried from one place to another, without the intervention of shafts and pulleys, which must be kept in order, is no small item in favor of electricity."

—How very handsome Mr. Howard Lingle's new brick residence is! Beautiful in shape and proportions, handsome in finish and design, it seems that it will be the perfection of comfort and elegance. We have heard a great many people say that it is to be the "daisy" house of the town. By that is not meant that it is to be most pretentious, but that with the material used the best results have been attained and the most taste displayed. Unique and handsome is also Mr. Chas. McCafferty's new residence. The lower part is of fine dressed stone and the upper story presents a surface which looks like slate put on in shingle style. The interior of the residence is said to be even more beautiful.

—It is almost unnecessary for this paper to state that the rumored confession of Luther Shaffer, who is in jail in Lock Haven, on the charge of being concerned in the murder of Mr. and Mrs. Culvey, is entirely false—an invention of a somewhat unbalanced newspaper man. The story is to the effect that Shaffer says that Johnson murdered both the victims and would have killed the child but for the fact that Shaffer prevented him from doing so. The Sunday paper which publishes this trash deals only in sensations, hence cannot be credited.

All The News.

THAT TRANSPIRES IN THE LIVELY BOROUGH OF PHILIPSBURG.

Who can beat this?—Daniel Lutz has a butcher working for him named John Nepp, who was for a number of years a cow-boy in the far West. This man, one day last week, killed and dressed a beef in a little less than thirteen minutes. We don't believe this can be beaten in Centre or Clearfield counties. Trot out your slaughterers.

Who stole Felix Bair's Wyandotte cockerel—the one that he had reserved for a breeder? He knows the party and says if it isn't returned he will make it a dear roaster to him.

The best of feeling does not exist between our two rival fire companies, if all reports be true. Will the Hope Company get a seat in the new public building?

H. E. F. thinks we must have a shirt factory. Well, we are of the same opinion, Harry.

George Naugle takes the bakery in bagging squirrels. He knocks the time out of all our other hunters combined.

"Billy" Benner, the boss of all millers in Centre county, still holds the fort at the steam mill, where he can handle more grain and do more work than any other man hereabouts. As a slugger and wrestler he is right there, too. He can get away with the clerks, also.

To decide the electric light question, a special election will be held on November 16. Vote for lights, all of ye.

Mr. Wilburn, who had a store at Chester Hill and sold out to Wash Heimach, has just opened a first-class restaurant and oyster bay, in the basement of C. Faulkner's building near the P. R. R. depot. Everything in the eating line served up in the very best style by that gentleman, who thoroughly understands his business. This is a want long needed in Philipsburg.

Harry Furley had one of his legs broken the other morning, while trying to get on a wagon at Cold Stream. He is but a small boy and his sufferings were severe, although he was made as easy as possible by Dr. Harmon.

Sugar has come down in price at Homer's grocery, all because "Hays" is the happy "dad" of a big girl baby.

Postmaster Gowland's wife and children have just returned from a visit to Gettysburg and Harrisburg. They were absent from home for several weeks.

SOME ONE.

—Prof. Johnstonbaugh, the assistant teacher in the High School, began on Friday to give instruction in vocal music in his own school and also to the pupils of Miss Shortlidge's school. We are glad to hear this, and we have often wondered why such instruction is not given in all the schools. It is very important and the earlier in the life of the pupil it is begun the better it is for the pupil. Of course, it is not expected that every teacher should be qualified to teach music, but it would be a profitable investment to have one teacher in each of the buildings whose sole duty it would be to teach vocal music. It would not be like an additional study, but rather a relaxation from the regular school duties. For the pupils to assume an erect position and practice vocal music during a half hour of each day would be healthful and beneficial, and they would return to their regular studies with greater zest. On Friday the young gentlemen of the High School almost elevated the roof from the top of the new building by the energy of their vocal efforts. Of course, that would not be done after sufficient training had learned them to modulate their voices, but what they lose in force they will gain in sweetness and melody of tone.

—On Sunday afternoon, H. H. Harshberger, Esq., the superintendent of the Methodist Sunday-school, was away from home. The first assistant superintendent, Mr. John I. Olewine, was engaged in work relating to the Sunday-school which rendered it impossible for him to take Mr. Harshberger's place. So the duty of superintending this Sunday-school of 300 or more pupils devolved on Mrs. Aaren Williams. She acquitted herself with remarkable efficiency, making the Sunday-school very interesting. So satisfactory was it to everybody there to have Mrs. Williams officiating in this capacity that we have no doubt when the next election occurs she will be elected to the position.

—Perhaps there were never, on any single day, more people in the woods of this vicinity than visited them on Saturday. The "Golden October" was perfect both in the hazy glory of its appearance and the delicious balminess of temperature. The treasures for which each one was searching were suspended on the trees or lay on the ground. Roe's "Opening the Chustnut Burr" was nothing in comparison with the way the delighted youngsters and older folks went for the chestnuts. The quantities secured ranged from a handful to a bushel—generally the former quantity. It was chestnut day in Bellefonte.

Funeral of Mrs. Thompson.

The funeral services over the remains of the late Mrs. John I. Thompson, of Martha Furnace, occurred on Tuesday afternoon at 1 o'clock. Rev. Mr. Elliott officiated, assisted by Rev. James P. Hughes and Rev. Mr. Oliver. A choir of vocalists from Tyrone rendered the music very sweetly and impressively. The following were pall bearers, all but one of whom are nephews of deceased: Messrs. Kyle McFarlane, Charles Taylor, William Thompson, Jr, Harry Cheney, Frank McFarlane and Irvin Taylor. The attendance of sympathising friends was large.

Personal Pencilings.

Gov. Beaver spent Sunday in Bellefonte.

Mrs. Wilbur F. Reeder arrived home on Friday afternoon from Berwick.

Mr. William J. S. Cowdrick and his bride are now at Roaring Springs, Blair county, Pa.

General Hastings spent Sunday in Lock Haven with his father who is very ill in that city.

Hon. L. A. Mackey, of Lock Haven, was an arrival in town on Thursday afternoon at 5 o'clock.

Mrs. Harris, of Philadelphia, after spending two weeks in Bellefonte, departed on Monday for her home.

Ex-Governor Curtin and Hon. John Blair Linn attended the funeral of the late Dr. Davis in Milton, on Saturday

Mr. George Thomas, manager of the store for the Empire Lumber Company, is at present visiting his friends in town.

Mr. W. T. Bair, editor of the Philipsburg *Journal*, was in Bellefonte again on Thursday, on business relating to his paper.

Mrs. E. P. MacIntyre, of Altoona, is visiting friends hereabouts. Mrs. MacIntyre was formerly Miss Bella Rankin, of Boalsburg.

Mrs. Ray, wife of Sylvester Ray, Esq., and her family are making a two week's visit at the home of Mrs. R's sister, Mrs. Dr. Coolidge in Scranton.

Miss Edith Harris, of Bellefonte, and Miss Helen Jackson, of State College, have gone to Philadelphia to take a complete medical course.

Mr. R. A. Kinsloe and his son, Robert, who have been guests at the residence of James H. Rankin, Esq., departed for their home in Osceola on Monday at 5 p. m.

Rev. D. S. Monroe, D. D., made seventeen calls in one afternoon last week and has on his visiting list the names of almost one hundred families who do not belong to any church.

Rev. John Hewitt, of Fremont, Nebraska, writes that he will probably be in Philadelphia on the 27th day of this month, on business connected with the interest of the church in his locality.

Mr. and Mrs. C. P. Hilder have been delayed, to some extent, in their departure from this place, by the sudden sickness of one of their children, who is, we are pleased to hear, rapidly recovering.

Mr. J. K. Orvis, of Nebraska, is visiting his brother, ex-Judge John H Orvis, of this place. Both of the brothers will visit the home of their birth in Tioga county while the first-mentioned remains in the East.

Miss Grace Furey, daughter of Mrs. Mattie Furey, of Altoona, who is well known in Bellefonte, expects to give a literary and musical entertainment soon to secure funds to assist her in pursuing the study of elocution.

We hear that Mrs. Pugh and Miss Mary Valentine, who are delegates to the W. C. T. U. State convention in Lewisburg, will make quite an extended trip to Atlantic City and other interesting places ere they return home.

Elder Ira C. Mitchell, of Virginia, who used to have Esq. written after his name, arrived in Lock Haven on Monday evening to visit his son, Nathan J., his brother, William P., his sister, Mrs. Leathers, and other relatives.

Dr. J. F. Alexander and wife and Hon. Leonard Rhone and wife, of Centre Hall, will go the West next week. Mr. and Mrs. Rhone will visit in Kansas, Iowa, Minnesota and Michigan. Mr. and Mrs. Alexander will continue their trip to Los Angeles, California.

Ex-Senator Simon Cameron and his daughter, Mrs. Haldeman, who were here until Saturday morning, went direct to Harrisburg. We notice that Senator Don Cameron will start this afternoon from Harrisburg with a party who go direct to Los Angeles, Cal.

Rev. J. F. Delong, pastor of the Reformed church at Lewisburg, was in Bellefonte Tuesday. He looks well and is as full of energy and activity as usual. We are glad to know that he and his family are well. We saw him at noon and then he told us that he expected to depart at 2 o'clock on the Lemont train.

John M. Ward has again done himself much credit on the base ball field, and his season's work as short stop for the New York nine gives him the best general average of any short stop in the League. In batting also he has done good work. He was at the bat more than 500 times and reached first base more than 300.

The W. C. T. U. of the State convened at Lewisburg Tuesday Mrs Pugh is a delegate from the Bellefonte Union and Mrs. Jno. P. Harris of the County Union. Miss Mary Valentine represents the Y. W. C. T. U. Other ladies, including Mrs. Charles McCafferty, accompany them. Mrs. John S. Gray and daughter, Miss Mary, of Philipsburg, represent the Unions of that place. Most of the ladies went at 2 o'clock Tuesday afternoon.

A Political Chairman.

Mr. T. P. Rynder, the chairman of the Union Labor party of Pennsylvania, lives in Milesburg, two miles from this place. He finds Milesburg a desirable town in which to live, because it is the exact center of the State and thus gives him a critical survey of the politics of the Commonwealth in every direction. Mr. Rynder is a close observer of men and events and has a wide acquaintance throughout every part of the State. He has held the chairmanship of this party for five years and has wielded quite a strong influence. His knowledge of the financial situation and of the needs of the workingmen is equal to the best, and as he impresses us as being an upright, consistant gentleman, we have no doubt he endeavors to direct them in the way he believes for their true interests. Mr. Rynder is the staunchest sort of a Protectionist and that part of his political doctrine pleases us immensely. From his home in Milesburg he sends out numerous correspondence and documents relating to the doctrines which his party is promulgating. He is endowed with great hopefulness and believes implicitly that his party will poll a large vote.

Mr. Rynder's son, T. Lee Rynder, is an exceedingly bright lad and seems to possess an unusually excellent moral character. Between the hours devoted to his school duties he is able to render his father considerable clerical assistance.

Two Consuls in a Family.

James C. Quiggle, a citizen of Wayne township, Clinton county, has been appointed to be United States consul at St. Thomas, Ontario. On Friday last he departed for St. Thomas. He has been justice of the peace in Wayne township. The *Democrat*, of Lock Haven, remarks that it seems to run in the Quiggle family to be appointed consuls and gives its reason as follows:

About 28 years ago Mr. James W. Quiggle was appointed as Consul by President James Buchanan to Antwerp, Belgium. He was accompanied there by his sister, Miss Anna E. Quiggle, wife and two children. Now his son James C. Quiggle, has been appointed Consul to St. Thomas, Ontario, Canada, by President Grover Cleveland, and will also be accompanied by the same aunt, his wife and two children. An episode like this rarely occurs in the life time of any young man. Miss Quiggle, although quite advanced in years, is yet bright and active, and equal to a trip to the Canadian shore.

Attempt to Escape from the Clearfield Jail.

Saturday night about 12 o'clock Sheriff Dale, of Clearfield, heard a prisoner in jail calling. Going in he found John Hipps missing and a hole through the top of the cell and the roof of the jail. A piece of board and rope made of blankets were hanging inside. Hipps and two other prisoners planned the escape. He alone had the nerve to execute the plan. Twenty-five feet from the ground the rope broke, letting him drop into the jail yard. The other prisoners thought him killed and called the sheriff. After a search of fifteen minutes he was found under a cellar door without a scratch.

When accused by the sheriff of trying to steal away without paying his board he coolly said he would return and board it out in awaiting trial at the December court for burning his father's barn, stealing his horse and robbing a store.

Sudden Death of a Lady.

We hear that Mr. Harry Hale received a telegram Tuesday morning announcing the death of Mrs. Mary Taylor, of Hartford, Conn. The news will be received with peculiar sorrow by the people of this place who were acquainted with her. She and her daughter spent the summer in Bellefonte at the home of Dr. E. W. Hale. When here she seemed to be in good health, from which we conclude that her death was sudden. She was the sister of Dr. Roland G. Curtin, of Philadelphia. Her husband and daughter survive her.

Sudden Death of a Prominent Man.

John B. Finch, the able and eloquent leader of the Prohibition party and Good Templars in Massachusetts, died suddenly of heart disease at the railroad depot in Boston on Monday night, the 3d instant, just after having returned from a meeting at Lynn, where he had made a speech. Mr. Finch was a splendid orator and his sudden death is deeply felt in social, political and religious circles. He is supposed to have had heart disease and dropped dead before he had taken a dozen steps after leaving the car in which he had ridden.

A New Postal Law.

A new postal law has just gone into effect which considerably curtails the privileges heretofore enjoyed by merchants and others in sending out fourth-class mail matter. It is to the effect that all fourth-class mail matter must hereafter bear only the name and address of the sender, in addition, of course, to the address to which it is sent. Heretofore senders have been allowed to put tags or business cards on, detailing their business, or naming the samples contained in the packages. This must be stopped under the law.

DIED.

GRAMLEY.—On the 2d inst., at Rebersburg, Miss Eliza Gramley, daughter of George Gramley, aged 18 years.